## QUARTERLY REPORT

Third Quarter ended December 31, 2023
(Results for the Period from April 1, 2023 to December 31, 2023)

## Performance Outline (Consolidated)

(1) Nine months ended December 31, 2022 and 2023 (Actual result) and Year ending March 31, 2024 (Forecast)

|  | Nine months ended <br> December 31, 2022 Results | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Nine months } \\ \text { ended } \\ \text { December 31, } \\ 2023 \\ \text { Results } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Change | (Billions of yen) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Year ending <br> March 31, 2024 <br> Forecast | Change |
| Domestic sales | 551.2 | 607.4 | 10.2\% | 856.7 | 6.6\% |
| Overseas sales | 977.3 | 1,090.2 | 11.6\% | 1,443.2 | 8.5\% |
| Sales | 1,528.6 | 1,697.6 | 11.1\% | 2,300.0 | 7.8\% |
| Gross profit | 538.8 | 596.6 | 10.7\% | 805.0 | 8.0\% |
| Operating profit (loss) | 39.6 | 37.1 | (6.2\%) | 60.0 | (23.8\%) |
| Profit (loss) before income tax expenses | 42.3 | 42.6 | 0.9\% | 66.5 | (18.2\%) |
| Profit (loss) attributable to owners of the parent | 27.4 | 30.2 | 10.3\% | 44.0 | (19.1\%) |
| Exchange rate (Yen/US\$) | 136.49 | 143.24 | 6.75 | 143.68 | 8.19 |
| Exchange rate (Yen/EURO) | 140.55 | 155.26 | 14.71 | 155.19 | 14.28 |
| Earnings per share attributable to owners of the parent-basic (yen) | 44.29 | 49.71 | 5.42 | 72.24 | (15.89) |
| Earnings per share attributable to owners of the parent-diluted (yen) | 44.28 | 49.69 | 5.41 | 72.19 | (15.91) |
| Cash flows from operating activities | 6.4 | 62.2 | 55.7 | - | - |
| Cash flows from investing activities | (104.1) | (70.8) | 33.2 | - | - |
| Cash flows from financing activities | 38.4 | (39.2) | (77.7) | - | - |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of period *1 | 180.6 | 171.3 | (9.3) | - | - |
| Capital expenditures*2 | 28.5 | 33.6 | 5.0 | 48.0 | 2.5 |
| Depreciation *2 | 31.0 | 32.4 | 1.3 | 43.0 | 1.0 |
| R\&D expenditures | 77.3 | 81.7 | 4.4 | 108.0 | 0.2 |


|  | March 31, 2023 | December 31, <br> 2023 | Change |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  |  |  |  |
| Total assets | $2,149.9$ | $2,207.7$ | 57.8 |
| Equity attributable to owners of the parent <br> Interest-bearing debt *3 | 931.5 | 987.9 | 56.3 |
| Equity attributable to owners of the parent <br> ratio (\%) | 362.9 | 376.1 | 13.1 |
| Equity per share attributable to owners of <br> the parent (yen) | 43.3 | 44.7 | 1.4 |

(2) Three months ended December 31, 2022 and 2023

|  | (Billions of yen) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Three months ended December 31, 2022 Results | Three months ended December 31, 2023 Results | Change |
| Domestic sales | 199.6 | 203.2 | 1.8\% |
| Overseas sales | 355.4 | 381.8 | 7.4\% |
| Sales | 555.0 | 585.0 | 5.4\% |
| Gross profit | 192.5 | 210.3 | 9.3\% |
| Operating profit (loss) | 16.1 | 17.5 | 8.9\% |
| Profit (loss) before income tax expenses | 17.7 | 18.0 | 1.9\% |
| Profit (loss) attributable to owners of the parent | 12.5 | 14.6 | 17.1\% |
| Exchange rate (Yen/US\$) | 141.62 | 147.86 | 6.24 |
| Exchange rate (Yen/EURO) | 144.25 | 159.04 | 14.79 |
| Earnings per share attributable to owners of the parent-basic (yen) | 20.56 | 24.07 | 3.51 |
| Earnings per share attributable to owners of the parent-diluted (yen) | 20.56 | 24.06 | 3.50 |
| Capital expenditures *2 | 10.0 | 11.6 | 1.6 |
| Depreciation *2 | 10.5 | 11.0 | 0.4 |
| R\&D expenditures | 27.5 | 26.8 | (0.7) |

* The amounts shown as "Cash and cash equivalents at end of the period" are shown on the condensed consolidated statement of cash flows.
*2 The amounts presented in capital expenditures and depreciation are for property, plant and equipment.
*3 The amounts are shown bonds and borrowings.


## Ricoh Company, Ltd.

* The result forecasts and forward-looking statements included in this document are based on information available to the Company as at the date of submission of this quarterly report and certain assumptions that the Company considers reasonable. The Company makes no guarantees with respect to the achievement of its result forecasts or forward-looking statements. Actual results might be significantly different from the forecasts in the document, depending on various factors.


## Ricoh Company, Ltd. and its Consolidated Subsidiaries

Financial Highlights for the Nine months ended December 31, 2023
[Prepared on the basis of International Financial Reporting Standards]

1. Results for the Period from April 1, 2023 to December 31, 2023
(1) Operating Results
(Millions of yen)

|  | Nine months ended December 31, 2022 | Nine months ended December 31, 2023 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Sales | 1,528,608 | 1,697,688 |
| (\% change from the previous corresponding period) | 19.8 | 11.1 |
| Operating profit (loss) | 39,608 | 37,158 |
| (\% change from the previous corresponding period) | 54.1 | (6.2) |
| Profit (loss) before income tax expenses | 42,321 | 42,684 |
| (\% change from the previous corresponding period) | 37.8 | 0.9 |
| Profit (loss) for the period | 28,254 | 30,187 |
| (\% change from the previous corresponding period) | 21.1 | 6.8 |
| Profit (loss) attributable to owners of the parent | 27,438 | 30,277 |
| (\% change from the previous corresponding period) | 18.3 | 10.3 |
| Comprehensive income (loss) | 54,360 | 78,211 |
| (\% change from the previous corresponding period) | 39.3 | 43.9 |
| Earnings per share attributable to owners of the parent-basic (yen) | 44.29 | 49.71 |
| Earnings per share attributable to owners of the parent-diluted (yen) | 44.28 | 49.69 |

(2) Financial Position

|  | (Millions of yen) |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Total assets | March 31, 2023 | December 31, 2023 |
| Total equity | $2,149,956$ | $2,207,785$ |
| Equity attributable to owners of the parent | 958,082 | $1,013,670$ |
| Equity attributable to owners of the parent ratio (\%) | 931,556 | 987,914 |

## 2. Dividend Information

|  | Year ended <br> March 31, 2023 <br> (Actual) | Year ending <br> March 31, 2024 <br> (Forecast) |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Cash dividends, applicable to the year (yen) | 34.00 | 36.00 |
| Interim (yen) | 17.00 | 18.00 |
| Year-end (yen) | 17.00 | 18.00 |

Notes: Revision of expected dividends during this period: No
3. Forecast of Operating Results from April 1, 2023 to March 31, 2024

|  | (Millions of yen) <br> Year ending <br> March 31, 2024 |
| :--- | ---: |
| Sales | $2,300,000$ |
| (\% change from the previous corresponding period) | 7.8 |
| Operating profit (loss) | 60,000 |
| (\% change from the previous corresponding period) | $(23.8)$ |
| Profit (loss) before income tax expenses | 66,500 |
| (\% change from the previous corresponding period) | $(18.2)$ |
| Profit (loss) for the period | 44,500 |
| (\% change from the previous corresponding period) | $(20.0)$ |
| Profit (loss) attributable to owners of the parent | 44,000 |
| (\% change from the previous corresponding period) | $(19.1)$ |
| Earnings per share attributable to owners of the parent-basic (yen) | 72.24 |

Notes: Revision of forecast of consolidated operating results during this period: Yes

## 4. Others

(1) Changes in significant subsidiaries: No

New: - (Company name: -)
Exclusion: - (Company name: -)
(2) Changes in accounting policies and accounting estimate
(i) Changes in accounting policies required by IFRS: Yes
(ii) Other changes: No
(iii) Changes in accounting estimate: No
(3) Number of common stock outstanding (including treasury stock):

As of December 31, 2023: 609,521,978 shares; As of March 31, 2023: 609,521,978 shares
(4) Number of treasury stock:

As of December 31, 2023: 416,582 shares; As of March 31, 2023: 447,171 shares
(5) Average number of common stock:

Nine months ended December 31, 2023: 609,095,069 shares; Nine months ended December 31, 2022: 619,533,305 shares
Notes: The Company has established the Board Incentive Plan trust in which beneficiaries include Directors and Executive Officers. The shares owned by the trust account relating to this trust are accounted for as treasury shares. (As of December 31, 2023: 334,900 shares; As of March 31, 2023: 371,400 shares)

# Qualitative Information on Consolidated Financial Results for the Quarter under Review 

1. Qualitative Information on Consolidated Business Results

* Overview of the Third Quarter of Fiscal 2023 (April 1 - December 31, 2023)

Ricoh started the 21st Mid-Term Management Strategy from April 2023.
As our medium- to long-term goal, we aim to become a digital services company that supports worker's creativity and transforms the workplace, in order to achieve our Mission \& Vision of "Fulfillment through Work." We expand the range of workplaces where we provide digital services from offices, centered on the sale of MFPs, to services on frontlines and throughout society. At the same time, we will expand the customer value we provide to each workplace (office/frontline/social setting) and progressively transform into a digital services company. During this fiscal year, we will accelerate our transformation from an earnings structure focused on the office printing business and work to enhance profitability, with the aim of increasing profitability through business expansion and structural reforms centered on the office services business. We will also build flexible production and supply systems, raise our capacity to tackle changes in business environment and establish a new pillar of earnings in frontline digital services domains

Although the global economy was gradually recovering, it remained unstable due to factors such as prolonged inflation and continued tight monetary policies mainly in Europe and the Americas, and serious situations in Russia/Ukraine and Israel/Palestine. During the nine months of this fiscal year, Japan's social and economic activities were normalized as a result of the category shift of COVID-19 to Class 5 infectious diseases, and increased demand for inbound. On the other hand, the future uncertainty continued due to inflation and yen depreciation. In the U.S., despite continued inflation, the economy remained firm against a backdrop of a favorable employment environment. Europe is experiencing a slowdown in its economic recovery due to the prolonged Russia/Ukraine situation, ongoing inflation, and other factors. In other regions, while economic activities in China were normalized, there were concerns that the economic recovery would be delayed due to the sluggish real estate market and the slowdown in personal consumption expenditures.
During this period, the average exchange rates of Japanese yen against the U.S. dollar and Euro were $¥ 143.24$ (up $¥ 6.75$ from the previous corresponding period) and $¥ 155.26$ (up $¥ 14.71$ from the previous corresponding period) respectively.

Sales for the nine months of this fiscal year increased by $11.1 \%$ as compared to the previous corresponding period, to $¥ 1,697.6$ billion. Sales increased mainly in the office services business due to the strong sales of Scrum series in Japan and the acquisitions in Europe and the Americas, in addition to the relaxation of restrictions on supplying merchandise experienced in the nine months of the previous fiscal year. In addition, sales increased due to the acquisition of PFU Limited (hereinafter, PFU), which became a consolidated subsidiary in September 2022, and yen depreciation.

In Japan, sales increased by $10.2 \%$ as compared to the previous corresponding period. Sales improved mainly in the office services business Especially, Scrum series, which was expected to grow by the sales expansion targeting customers interests and needs such as back-office DX*, continued double-digit growth. In addition, sales increased due to the acquisition of PFU.
Sales in the Americas increased by $10.6 \%$ (an increase of $5.6 \%$ excluding foreign currency exchange fluctuations) as compared to the previous corresponding period. Sales of edge devices in the office printing business increased due to the resolution of supply shortages, particularly for A4 MFPs. In the office services business, sales increased because of the growth in the communication services field where Cenero,LLC. (hereinafter, Cenero) was acquired in September 2022 and the robust growth in outsourcing services for document related operations. In addition, due in part to the impact of the acquisition of PFU and yen depreciation, sales increased. Sales in the Europe, the Middle East, and Africa increased by $14.7 \%$ (an increase of $4.0 \%$ excluding foreign currency exchange fluctuations) as compared to the previous corresponding period. Sales of edge devices increased in the office printing business as the shortage of A4 MFPs and other products was resolved. In the office services business, sales of application services and IT services increased steadily, especially among acquired companies, and sales increased due to the consolidation of PFH Technology Group (hereinafter "PFH") in June 2023. In addition, due in part to yen depreciation, sales increased. Sales in other regions increased by $6.0 \%$ (an increase of $3.3 \%$ excluding foreign currency exchange fluctuations) as compared to the previous corresponding period. Sales grew due to yen depreciation as well as an improvement in sales of edge devices in the office printing business and inkjet head increased due to the normalization of economic activities following the lifting of the zero-covid policies in China. As a result, sales in the overseas market increased by $11.6 \%$ as compared to the previous corresponding period. Excluding effects of foreign currency fluctuations, sales in overseas would have increased by $4.6 \%$ as compared to the previous corresponding period.

* DX (digital transformation): Measures taken by companies in response to dramatic changes in the business environment to establish competitive advantage by transforming their products, services, and business models, as well as the operations themselves, organizations, processes, and corporate cultures, through utilization of data and digital technologies, based on the needs of customers and society.

Gross profit increased by $10.7 \%$ as compared to the previous corresponding period, to $¥ 596.6$ billion. Profit increased due to the growth in the office services business and continued structural reforms as well as the impact of the acquisition of PFU and yen depreciation. On the other hand, gross profit margin decreased due to fluctuations in the product mix of MFPs in the office printing business.

Selling, general and administrative expenses increased by $12.5 \%$ as compared to the previous corresponding period, to $¥ 567.6$ billion mainly due to the acquisition of PFU and yen depreciation, in addition to increases in personnel expenses due to business growth and inflation and structural reform expenses due to reorganization.

Operating profit decreased by $¥ 2.4$ billion compared to the previous corresponding period, to $¥ 37.1$ billion, because the increase in selling, general and administrative expenses exceeded the increase in gross profit.

Net financial income increased as compared to the previous corresponding period, reflecting higher foreign exchange gains. The share of profit of investments accounted for using the equity method was lower, reflecting worse performances among equity-method affiliates.

Profit before income tax expenses increased by $¥ 0.3$ billion as compared to the previous corresponding period, to $¥ 42.6$ billion.

Income tax expenses decreased by $¥ 1.5$ billion as compared to the previous corresponding period, to $¥ 12.4$ billion.
Due to the above result and a decrease in profit attributable to non-controlling interests, profit attributable to owners of the parent increased by $¥ 2.8$ billion as compared to the previous corresponding period, to $¥ 30.2$ billion

Comprehensive income increased to $¥ 78.2$ billion, owing largely to an increase in profit for the period and translation adjustments for foreign operations.

## * Review by Business Segment

## Digital Services

Digital Services sales were $¥ 1,341.3$ billion and increased by $11.4 \%$ as compared to the previous corresponding period. In the office services business, Scrum packages continued to perform favorably due to increased sales of business packages in response to invoicing systems and the fiscal 2024 law amendment. In addition Scrum Asset, which offers solutions mainly to mid-sized companies, also grew at a rapid rate due to robust demand for services and security related services after the introduction of the system. In addition, the number of subscribers to RICOH kintone plus, a cloud-based business improvement platform developed jointly with Cybozu, Inc., also grew steadily.
In the Americas, sales increased due to growth in the area of communication services through the acquisition of Cenero, as well as the robust growth in outsourcing services for document related operations. In Europe, sales continued to increase due to steadily increase in sales of application services and IT services, especially among acquired companies. In June 2023, we completed the acquisition of PFH, the leading provider of IT infrastructure, cloud and managed workplace services in Ireland, and are working to strengthen our IT services. In the office printing business, sales of edge devices increased from the previous corresponding period due to the progress in the delivery of bulk sales, including A3 MFPs, mainly due to the resolution of the supply shortage of A4 MFPs.
As a result of growth in the office services business and implementation of pricing controls, including continuous cost passthrough and value-added sales, in addition to sales recovery of edge devices in the office printing business, Digital Services operating profit was $¥ 28.5$ billion and increased by $¥ 9.2$ billion as compared to the previous corresponding period.

## Digital Products

Digital Products sales were $¥ 69.2$ billion and increased by $25.4 \%$ (Sales including intersegment sales were $¥ 358.4$ billion and decreased by $2.8 \%$ ) as compared to the previous corresponding period. Though intersegment sales decreased due to production adjustments in A3 MFPs, revenue increased due to the acquisition of PFU. Despite efforts to improve profits by continuing structural reforms in production and development, Digital Products operating profit was $¥ 8.3$ billion and decreased by $¥ 21.6$ billion as compared to the previous corresponding period, mainly due to a decline in sales caused by production adjustments for high-value-added A3 MFPs resulting in fluctuations in product mixes and lower profit ratio.

## Graphic Communications

Graphic Communications sales were $¥ 188.4$ billion and increased by $11.2 \%$ as compared to the previous corresponding period. In the commercial printing business, sales of production printers continued to grow mainly in the Americas. Non-hardware sales were also robust, supported by an increase in print volumes accompanying an increase in the number of high-end models installed, mainly in Europe and the Americas. In the industrial printing business, sales increased as sales of inkjet head increased against the background of increased demand for sign graphic.
Despite increased expenses due to business growth and temporary increased expenses due to reorganization, Graphic Communications operating profit was $¥ 10.3$ billion and increased by $¥ 0.3$ billion as compared to the previous corresponding period due to sales increase and yen depreciation.

## Industrial Solutions

Industrial Solutions sales were $¥ 79.4$ billion and decreased by $5.2 \%$ as compared to the previous corresponding period. In the thermal media business, sales declined in Europe and the Americas due to sluggish demand and inventory adjustments by customers. In the industrial products business, sales of optical products declined due to the demand decrease for projectors in China.
Despite efforts to secure profits through pricing controls and cost reductions, Industrial Solutions operating profit (loss) was $¥ 1.0$ billion (loss). (Operating profit (loss) was $¥ 0.5$ billion (loss) in the previous corresponding period.)
In the industrial products business, the Company concluded a share transfer agreement to transfer the optical business, which develops, manufactures and sells automotive stereo cameras and optical lens modules used in projectors in October 2023.

## Other

Other segment sales were $¥ 19.1$ billion and increased by $19.5 \%$ as compared to the previous corresponding period. Sales increased due to steady growth of the camera business.
As a result of up-front investments to create new businesses, including these activities, Other segment operating profit (loss) was $¥ 7.7$ billion (loss), improved by $¥ 1.0$ billion from the previous corresponding period.
(Notes) 1. Digital services as a business segment are mainly limited to the office services business and the office printing sales business. This segment does not include all digital services, which Ricoh aims to transform into "a digital services company" that connects workplaces and support worker's creativity. "Digital Services" provided as "a digital services company" is included in all the business segments as well as Digital Services business segment.
2. The PFU business in Other segment has been reclassified into Digital Services and Digital Products from the first quarter. Prior year comparative figures have also been reclassified to conform to the current year's presentation.

## 2. Analysis of Consolidated Financial Position

## *Assets, Liabilities and Equity

Total assets increased by $¥ 57.8$ billion as compared to the end of the previous fiscal year, to $¥ 2,207.7$ billion. Assets increased due to translation adjustments of foreign assets resulting from a significant yen depreciation, compared to the end of the previous fiscal year. After excluding the foreign exchange impact, total assets decreased by $¥ 25.2$ billion.
The exchange rates for major currencies for the yen at the end of the third quarter were $¥ 141.83$ against the U.S. dollar (up $¥ 8.30$ from the previous fiscal year) and $¥ 157.12$ against the euro (up $¥ 11.40$ ).
"Cash and cash equivalents" decreased by $¥ 40.3$ billion. "Inventories" increased by $¥ 12.1$ billion due to inventory for sales, acquisitions, yen depreciation and others, though inventory of A3 MFPs decreased due to production adjustments. In addition, "Goodwill and intangible assets" increased by $¥ 34.6$ billion due to acquisitions in Europe and yen depreciation
The Company concluded a share transfer agreement to transfer the optical business in October 2023. Accordingly, assets and liabilities of the optical business were reclassified into "Assets classified as held for sale" and "Liabilities directly related to assets held for sale".
Total liabilities increased by $¥ 2.2$ billion as compared to the end of previous year, to $¥ 1,194.1$ billion. "Trade and other payables" decreased by $¥ 40.5$ billion mainly due to the payment of liabilities recorded at the end of the previous fiscal year. On the other hand, the total of current and non-current "Bonds and borrowings" increased by $¥ 13.1$ billion and the total of "Other current liabilities" and "Other non-current liabilities" increased by $¥ 22.9$ billion due to acquisitions, yen depreciation and other factors.
Total equity increased by $¥ 55.5$ billion as compared to the end of previous fiscal year, to $¥ 1,013.6$ billion. Yen depreciation resulted in an increase in exchange differences on translation of foreign operations.
Equity attributable to owners of the parent therefore increased by $¥ 56.3$ billion, to $¥ 987.9$ billion. The equity attributable to owners of the parent ratio remained safe, at $44.7 \%$.

## * Cash Flows (Nine months from April 1, 2023 to December 31, 2023)

Net cash provided by operating activities increased by $¥ 55.7$ billion as compared to the previous corresponding period, to $¥ 62.2$ billion. Cash proceeds increased mainly due to a decrease in trade and other receivables and a decrease in inventory increases compared to the previous corresponding period.
Net cash used in investing activities decreased by $¥ 33.2$ billion as compared to the previous corresponding period, to $¥ 70.8$ billion. Cash expenditures increased mainly due to the acquisition of PFU during the previous corresponding period.
Free cash flow (net cash provided by operating activities plus net cash used in investing activities) totaled $¥ 8.6$ billion in expenditures, cash used decreased by $¥ 89.0$ billion as compared to the previous corresponding period.
Net cash used in financing activities increased by $¥ 77.7$ billion in expenditures as compared to the previous corresponding period, to $¥ 39.2$ billion. In the nine months of this fiscal year, while cash expenditures related to the acquisition of treasury stock decreased compared to the previous corresponding period, cash expenditures increased mainly due to a decrease in financing and an increase in debt repayments. As a result, the balance of cash and cash equivalent at the end of period decreased by $¥ 39.5$ billion as compared to the end of previous fiscal year, to $¥ 171.3$ billion.

## 3. Qualitative Information on Forecasted Consolidated Financial Results

During the nine months of this fiscal year, the office service business grew steadily, and sales grew. On the other hand, profits were squeezed because sales recovery of edge devices in the office printing business fell below expectations and fluctuations in the product mix caused by production adjustments. In thermal media business, sales have been slow to recover in Europe and the Americas due to sluggish demand. From the fourth quarter of fiscal year, in the office services business continued to grow both in Japan and overseas. On the other hand, in the office printing business are not expected to be enough to recoup losses through the nine months of this fiscal year, and demand in thermal media business is expected to remain sluggish. As a result of careful consideration of these results, the forecasts for Sales, Gross profit, operating profit, Profit before income tax expenses and Profit attributable to owners of the parent announced in the quarterly report [IFRS] in November 2023 have been revised downward.

The actual exchange rates during the nine months of this fiscal year have been incorporated for the full year.
Exchange Rate Assumptions for the full year ending March 31, 2024
US\$ $1=¥ 143.68 \quad$ ( $¥ 135.49$ in previous fiscal year)
EURO $1=¥ 155.19 \quad$ ( $¥ 140.91$ in previous fiscal year)


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## 4. Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

(1) Condensed Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

Assets

|  | (Millions of yen) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | March 31, 2023 | December 31, 2023 | Change |
| Current Assets |  |  |  |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 221,890 | 181,548 | $(40,342)$ |
| Time deposits | 207 | 249 | 42 |
| Trade and other receivables | 476,429 | 472,473 | $(3,956)$ |
| Other financial assets | 93,906 | 102,452 | 8,546 |
| Inventories | 314,368 | 326,530 | 12,162 |
| Other current assets | 68,499 | 71,168 | 2,669 |
| Subtotal | 1,175,299 | 1,154,420 | $(20,879)$ |
| Assets classified as held for sale | - | 8,365 | 8,365 |
| Total Current Assets | 1,175,299 | 1,162,785 | $(12,514)$ |
| Non-current assets |  |  |  |
| Property, plant and equipment | 196,512 | 195,478 | $(1,034)$ |
| Right-of-use assets | 57,003 | 60,371 | 3,368 |
| Goodwill and intangible assets | 366,394 | 401,061 | 34,667 |
| Other financial assets | 135,158 | 155,052 | 19,894 |
| Investments accounted for using the equity method | 83,529 | 86,669 | 3,140 |
| Other investments | 19,359 | 18,620 | (739) |
| Other non-current assets | 44,540 | 50,247 | 5,707 |
| Deferred tax assets | 72,162 | 77,502 | 5,340 |
| Total Non-current Assets | 974,657 | 1,045,000 | 70,343 |
| Total Assets | 2,149,956 | 2,207,785 | 57,829 |

Liabilities and Equity

|  | (Millions of yen) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | March 31, 2023 | December 31, 2023 | Change |
| Current Liabilities |  |  |  |
| Bonds and borrowings | 157,828 | 200,926 | 43,098 |
| Trade and other payables | 312,429 | 271,885 | $(40,544)$ |
| Lease liabilities | 26,185 | 22,073 | $(4,112)$ |
| Other financial liabilities | 2,582 | 26,242 | 23,660 |
| Income tax payables | 11,864 | 12,103 | 239 |
| Provisions | 10,968 | 9,857 | $(1,111)$ |
| Other current liabilities | 307,258 | 327,725 | 20,467 |
| Subtotal | 829,114 | 870,811 | 41,697 |
| Liabilities directly related to assets held for sale | - | 1,105 | 1,105 |
| Total Current Liabilities | 829,114 | 871,916 | 42,802 |
| Non-current Liabilities |  |  |  |
| Bonds and borrowings | 205,110 | 175,211 | $(29,899)$ |
| Lease liabilities | 38,147 | 46,775 | 8,628 |
| Other financial liabilities | 27,566 | 7,160 | $(20,406)$ |
| Accrued pension and retirement benefits | 41,058 | 39,075 | $(1,983)$ |
| Provisions | 8,347 | 8,494 | 147 |
| Other non-current liabilities | 24,742 | 27,175 | 2,433 |
| Deferred tax liabilities | 17,790 | 18,309 | 519 |
| Total Non-current Liabilities | 362,760 | 322,199 | $(40,561)$ |
| Total Liabilities | 1,191,874 | 1,194,115 | 2,241 |
| Equity |  |  |  |
| Common stock | 135,364 | 135,364 | - |
| Additional paid-in capital | 158,529 | 158,424 | (105) |
| Treasury stock | (427) | (400) | 27 |
| Other components of equity | 167,368 | 215,930 | 48,562 |
| Retained earnings | 470,722 | 478,596 | 7,874 |
| Equity attributable to owners of the parent | 931,556 | 987,914 | 56,358 |
| Non-controlling interests | 26,526 | 25,756 | (770) |
| Total Equity | 958,082 | 1,013,670 | 55,588 |
| Total Liabilities and Equity | 2,149,956 | 2,207,785 | 57,829 |

(2) Condensed Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Condensed Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income

## Condensed Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss

Nine months ended December 31, 2022 and 2023

|  | (Millions of yen) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Nine months } \\ \text { ended } \\ \text { December 31, } \\ 2022 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Nine months ended December 31, 2023 | Change | \% |
| Sales | 1,528,608 | 1,697,688 | 169,080 | 11.1 |
| Cost of sales | 989,744 | 1,101,013 | 111,269 | 11.2 |
| Percentage of sales (\%) | 64.7 | 64.9 |  |  |
| Gross profit | 538,864 | 596,675 | 57,811 | 10.7 |
| Percentage of sales (\%) | 35.3 | 35.1 |  |  |
| Selling, general and administrative expenses | 504,551 | 567,606 | 63,055 | 12.5 |
| Percentage of sales (\%) | 33.0 | 33.4 |  |  |
| Other income | 5,295 | 8,089 | 2,794 | 52.8 |
| Percentage of sales (\%) | 0.3 | 0.5 |  |  |
| Operating profit (loss) | 39,608 | 37,158 | $(2,450)$ | (6.2) |
| Percentage of sales (\%) | 2.6 | 2.2 |  |  |
| Finance income | 2,807 | 6,524 | 3,717 | 132.4 |
| Percentage of sales (\%) | 0.2 | 0.4 |  |  |
| Finance costs | 5,780 | 6,134 | 354 | 6.1 |
| Percentage of sales (\%) | 0.4 | 0.4 |  |  |
| Share of profit (loss) of investments accounted for using the equity method | 5,686 | 5,136 | (550) | (9.7) |
| Percentage of sales (\%) | 0.4 | 0.3 |  |  |
| Profit (loss) before income tax expenses | 42,321 | 42,684 | 363 | 0.9 |
| Percentage of sales (\%) | 2.8 | 2.5 |  |  |
| Income tax expenses | 14,067 | 12,497 | $(1,570)$ | (11.2) |
| Percentage of sales (\%) | 0.9 | 0.7 |  |  |
| Profit (loss) for the period | 28,254 | 30,187 | 1,933 | 6.8 |
| Percentage of sales (\%) | 1.8 | 1.8 |  |  |
| Profit (loss) attributable to: |  |  |  |  |
| Owners of the parent | 27,438 | 30,277 | 2,839 | 10.3 |
| Percentage of sales (\%) | 1.8 | 1.8 |  |  |
| Non-controlling interests | 816 | (90) | (906) | - |
| Percentage of sales (\%) | 0.1 | (0.0) |  |  |


|  | Nine months ended <br> December 31, 2022 | Nine months ended <br> December 31, 2023 | Change |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Earnings per share attributable to owners of the parent-basic (yen) | 44.29 | 49.71 | 5.42 |
| Earnings per share attributable to owners of the parent-diluted (yen) | 44.28 | 49.69 | 5.41 |

* Gain on sales of property, plant and equipment and others were included in "Other income".

Three months ended December 31, 2022 and 2023

|  | illions of yen) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Three months ended December 31, 2022 | Three months ended December 31, 2023 | Change | \% |
| Sales | 555,072 | 585,098 | 30,026 | 5.4 |
| Cost of sales | 362,494 | 374,704 | 12,210 | 3.4 |
| Percentage of sales (\%) | 65.3 | 64.0 |  |  |
| Gross profit | 192,578 | 210,394 | 17,816 | 9.3 |
| Percentage of sales (\%) | 34.7 | 36.0 |  |  |
| Selling, general and administrative expenses | 178,031 | 195,781 | 17,750 | 10.0 |
| Percentage of sales (\%) | 32.1 | 33.5 |  |  |
| Other income | 1,613 | 2,984 | 1,371 | 85.0 |
| Percentage of sales (\%) | 0.3 | 0.5 |  |  |
| Operating profit (loss) | 16,160 | 17,597 | 1,437 | 8.9 |
| Percentage of sales (\%) | 2.9 | 3.0 |  |  |
| Finance income | 1,460 | 592 | (868) | (59.5) |
| Percentage of sales (\%) | 0.3 | 0.1 |  |  |
| Finance costs | 1,698 | 1,865 | 167 | 9.8 |
| Percentage of sales (\%) | 0.3 | 0.3 |  |  |
| Share of profit (loss) of investments accounted for using the equity method | 1,795 | 1,731 | (64) | (3.6) |
| Percentage of sales (\%) | 0.3 | 0.3 |  |  |
| Profit (loss) before income tax expenses | 17,717 | 18,055 | 338 | 1.9 |
| Percentage of sales (\%) | 3.2 | 3.1 |  |  |
| Income tax expenses | 4,805 | 3,193 | $(1,612)$ | (33.5) |
| Percentage of sales (\%) | 0.9 | 0.5 |  |  |
| Profit (loss) for the period | 12,912 | 14,862 | 1,950 | 15.1 |
| Percentage of sales (\%) | 2.3 | 2.5 |  |  |
| Profit (loss) attributable to: |  |  |  |  |
| Owners of the parent | 12,524 | 14,663 | 2,139 | 17.1 |
| Percentage of sales (\%) | 2.3 | 2.5 |  |  |
| Non-controlling interests | 388 | 199 | (189) | (48.7) |
| Percentage of sales (\%) | 0.1 | 0.0 |  |  |


|  | Three months ended <br> December 31, 2022 | Three months ended <br> December 31, 2023 | Change |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Earnings per share attributable to owners of the parent-basic (yen) | 20.56 | 24.07 | 3.51 |
| Earnings per share attributable to owners of the parent-diluted (yen) | 20.56 | 24.06 | 3.50 |

* Gain on sales of property, plant and equipment and others were included in "Other income".

Condensed Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income
Nine months ended December 31, 2022 and 2023

|  | (Millions of yen) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Nine months ended December 31, 2022 | Nine months ended December 31, 2023 | Change |
| Profit (loss) for the period | 28,254 | 30,187 | 1,933 |
| Other comprehensive income (loss): |  |  |  |
| Components that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss: |  |  |  |
| Remeasurements of defined benefit plans | (581) | - | 581 |
| Net changes in fair value of financial assets measured through other comprehensive income | (120) | 45 | 165 |
| Share of other comprehensive income of investments accounted for using equity method | (439) | (281) | 158 |
| Total components that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss | $(1,140)$ | (236) | 904 |
| Components that will be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss: |  |  |  |
| Net changes in fair value of cash flow hedges | (77) | 87 | 164 |
| Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations | 27,060 | 48,248 | 21,188 |
| Share of other comprehensive income of investments accounted for using equity method | 263 | (75) | (338) |
| Total components that will be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss | 27,246 | 48,260 | 21,014 |
| Total other comprehensive income (loss) | 26,106 | 48,024 | 21,918 |
| Comprehensive income (loss) | 54,360 | 78,211 | 23,851 |
| Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to: |  |  |  |
| Owners of the parent | 53,750 | 77,754 | 24,004 |
| Non-controlling interests | 610 | 457 | (153) |

Three months ended December 31, 2022 and 2023
(Millions of yen)

|  | of yen) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Three months ended December 31, 2022 | Three months ended December 31, 2023 | Change |
| Profit (loss) for the period | 12,912 | 14,862 | 1,950 |
| Other comprehensive income (loss): |  |  |  |
| Components that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss: |  |  |  |
| Remeasurements of defined benefit plans | (11) | - | 11 |
| Net changes in fair value of financial assets measured through other comprehensive income | 23 | (169) | (192) |
| Share of other comprehensive income of investments accounted for using equity method | 329 | (337) | (666) |
| Total components that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss | 341 | (506) | (847) |
| Components that will be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss: |  |  |  |
| Net changes in fair value of cash flow hedges | 70 | 87 | 17 |
| Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations | $(32,876)$ | $(20,025)$ | 12,851 |
| Share of other comprehensive income of investments accounted for using equity method | 197 | (59) | (256) |
| Total components that will be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss | $(32,609)$ | $(19,997)$ | 12,612 |
| Total other comprehensive income (loss) | $(32,268)$ | $(20,503)$ | 11,765 |
| Comprehensive income (loss) | $(19,356)$ | $(5,641)$ | 13,715 |
| Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to: |  |  |  |
| Owners of the parent | $(19,330)$ | $(5,447)$ | 13,883 |
| Non-controlling interests | (26) | (194) | (168) |

Consolidated Sales by Product Category
Nine months ended December 31, 2022 and 2023


Three months ended December 31, 2022 and 2023

|  | (Millions of yen) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Three months ended December 31, 2022 | Three months ended December 31, 2023 | Change | \% |
| <Digital Services> | 430,786 | 457,992 | 27,206 | 6.3 |
| Percentage of sales (\%) | 77.6 | 78.3 |  |  |
| <Digital Products> | 29,807 | 24,631 | $(5,176)$ | (17.4) |
| Percentage of sales (\%) | 5.4 | 4.2 |  |  |
| <Graphic Communications> | 60,676 | 68,071 | 7,395 | 12.2 |
| Percentage of sales (\%) | 10.9 | 11.6 |  |  |
| <Industrial Solutions> | 27,994 | 27,567 | (427) | (1.5) |
| Percentage of sales (\%) | 5.0 | 4.7 |  |  |
| <Other> | 5,809 | 6,837 | 1,028 | 17.7 |
| Percentage of sales (\%) | 1.0 | 1.2 |  |  |
| Grand Total | 555,072 | 585,098 | 30,026 | 5.4 |
| Percentage of sales (\%) | 100.0 | 100.0 |  |  |

(Notes) 1. Digital services as a business segment are mainly limited to the office services business and the office printing sales business. This segment does not include all digital services, which Ricoh aims to transform into "a digital services company" that connects workplaces and support worker's creativity. "Digital Services" provided as "a digital services company" is included in all the business segments as well as Digital Services business segment.
For the product line of each category, please refer to "(7) Segment Information" on page 17.
2. The PFU business in Other segment has been reclassified into Digital Services and Digital Products from the first quarter. Prior year comparative figures have also been reclassified to conform to the current year's presentation.

Consolidated Sales by Geographic Area
Nine months ended December 31, 2022 and 2023

|  | (Millions of yen) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Nine months ended December 31, 2022 | Nine months ended December 31, 2023 | Change | \% |
| <Domestic> | 551,232 | 607,414 | 56,182 | 10.2 |
| Percentage of sales (\%) | 36.1 | 35.8 |  |  |
| <Overseas> | 977,376 | 1,090,274 | 112,898 | 11.6 |
| Percentage of sales (\%) | 63.9 | 64.2 |  |  |
| The Americas | 441,934 | 488,563 | 46,629 | 10.6 |
| Percentage of sales (\%) | 28.9 | 28.8 |  |  |
| Europe, Middle East and Africa | 394,892 | 452,798 | 57,906 | 14.7 |
| Percentage of sales (\%) | 25.8 | 26.7 |  |  |
| Other | 140,550 | 148,913 | 8,363 | 6.0 |
| Percentage of sales (\%) | 9.2 | 8.8 |  |  |
| Grand Total | 1,528,608 | 1,697,688 | 169,080 | 11.1 |
| Percentage of sales (\%) | 100.0 | 100.0 |  |  |

Three months ended December 31, 2022 and 2023

|  | (Millions of yen) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Three months ended December 31, 2022 | Three months ended December 31, 2023 | Change | \% |
| <Domestic> | 199,646 | 203,287 | 3,641 | 1.8 |
| Percentage of sales (\%) | 36.0 | 34.7 |  |  |
| <Overseas> | 355,426 | 381,811 | 26,385 | 7.4 |
| Percentage of sales (\%) | 64.0 | 65.3 |  |  |
| The Americas | 158,260 | 168,282 | 10,022 | 6.3 |
| Percentage of sales (\%) | 28.5 | 28.8 |  |  |
| Europe, Middle East and Africa | 146,548 | 160,728 | 14,180 | 9.7 |
| Percentage of sales (\%) | 26.4 | 27.5 |  |  |
| Other | 50,618 | 52,801 | 2,183 | 4.3 |
| Percentage of sales (\%) | 9.1 | 9.0 |  |  |
| Grand Total | 555,072 | 585,098 | 30,026 | 5.4 |
| Percentage of sales (\%) | 100.0 | 100.0 |  |  |

(3) Condensed Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

|  | CommonStock | Additional paid-in capital | Treasury stock | Other components of equity |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Remeasurements of defined benefit plans | Net changes in fair value of financial assets measured through other comprehensive income | Net changes in fair value of cash flow hedges |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Balance as of April 1, } \\ & 2022 \end{aligned}$ | 135,364 | 180,942 | (460) | - | 4,540 | 246 |
| Profit (loss) for the period <br> Other comprehensive income (loss) <br> Comprehensive income (loss) <br> Net change in treasury stock <br> Retirement of treasury stock <br> Dividends declared and approved to owners <br> Share-based payment transactions <br> Change in scope of consolidation <br> Written put options over non-controlling interests <br> Transfer from other components of equity to retained earnings <br> Transfer from retained earnings to additional paid-in capital <br> Total transactions with owners <br> Balance as of December 31, 2022 |  |  |  | (581) | (555) | 197 |
|  | - | - | - | (581) | (555) | 197 |
|  |  | (21) | $(30,005)$ |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 72 | 18 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | $(22,485)$ |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | 581 | (54) |  |
|  |  | 21 |  |  |  |  |
|  | - | $(22,413)$ | 27 | 581 | (54) | - |
|  | 135,364 | 158,529 | (433) | - | 3,931 | 443 |


|  | Other compo | nts of equity |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations | Total other components of equity | Retained earnings | Equity attributable to owners of the parent | Non-controlling interests | Total equity |
| Balance as of April 1, $2022$ | 121,555 | 126,341 | 459,855 | 902,042 | 3,783 | 905,825 |
| Profit (loss) for the period <br> Other comprehensive income (loss) | 27,251 | 26,312 | 27,438 | $\begin{aligned} & 27,438 \\ & 26,312 \end{aligned}$ | 816 $(206)$ | $\begin{aligned} & 28,254 \\ & 26,106 \end{aligned}$ |
| Comprehensive income (loss) | 27,251 | 26,312 | 27,438 | 53,750 | 610 | 54,360 |
| Net change in treasury stock |  |  |  | $(30,026)$ |  | $(30,026)$ |
| Retirement of treasury stock |  |  | $(30,014)$ | - |  | - |
| Dividends declared and approved to owners |  |  | $(18,635)$ | $(18,635)$ | (75) | $(18,710)$ |
| Share-based payment transactions |  |  |  | 90 |  | 90 |
| Change in scope of consolidation |  |  |  | - | 14,656 | 14,656 |
| Written put options over non-controlling interests |  |  |  | $(22,485)$ |  | $(22,485)$ |
| Transfer from other components of equity to retained earnings |  | 527 | (527) | - |  | - |
| Transfer from retained earnings to additional paid-in capital |  |  | (21) | - |  | - |
| Total transactions with owners | - | 527 | $(49,197)$ | $(71,056)$ | 14,581 | $(56,475)$ |
| Balance as of December 31, 2022 | 148,806 | 153,180 | 438,096 | 884,736 | 18,974 | 903,710 |

(Millions of Yen)


|  | Other components of equity |  | Retained earnings | Equity attributable to owners of the parent | Non-controlling interests | Total equity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations | Total other components of equity |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Balance as of April 1, } \\ & 2023 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | 162,281 | 167,368 | 470,722 | 931,556 | 26,526 | 958,082 |
| Profit (loss) for the period Other comprehensive income (loss) | 47,718 | 47,477 | 30,277 | $\begin{aligned} & 30,277 \\ & 47,477 \end{aligned}$ | $(90)$ 547 | 30,187 48,024 |
| Comprehensive income (loss) | 47,718 | 47,477 | 30,277 | 77,754 | 457 | 78,211 |
| Net change in treasury stock |  |  |  | (7) |  | (7) |
| Dividends declared and approved to owners |  |  | $(21,318)$ | $(21,318)$ | $(1,384)$ | $(22,702)$ |
| Share-based payment transactions |  |  |  | (71) |  | (71) |
| Transfer from other components of equity to retained earnings |  | 1,085 | $(1,085)$ | - |  | - |
| Equity transactions with non-controlling shareholders |  |  |  | - | 157 | 157 |
| Total transactions with owners | - | 1,085 | $(22,403)$ | $(21,396)$ | $(1,227)$ | $(22,623)$ |
| Balance as of December $31,2023$ | 209,999 | 215,930 | 478,596 | 987,914 | 25,756 | 1,013,670 |

(4) Condensed Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

| (Millions of yen) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Nine months ended December 31, 2022 | Nine months ended December 31, 2023 |
| I. Cash Flows from Operating Activities: |  |  |
| Profit (loss) for the period | 28,254 | 30,187 |
| Adjustments to reconcile profit for the period to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities - |  |  |
| Depreciation and amortization | 68,470 | 80,183 |
| Other income | $(425)$ | (338) |
| Share of (profit) loss of investments accounted for using the equity method | $(5,686)$ | $(5,136)$ |
| Finance income and costs | 2,973 | (390) |
| Income tax expenses | 14,067 | 12,497 |
| (Increase) decrease in trade and other receivables | $(4,341)$ | 25,142 |
| (Increase) decrease in inventories | $(63,299)$ | (282) |
| (Increase) decrease in lease receivables | 13,566 | $(12,427)$ |
| Increase (decrease) in trade and other payables | $(11,869)$ | $(48,298)$ |
| Increase (decrease) in accrued pension and retirement benefits | $(6,087)$ | $(2,614)$ |
| Other, net | $(6,751)$ | 1,622 |
| Interest and dividends received | 4,111 | 5,767 |
| Interest paid | $(3,823)$ | $(5,059)$ |
| Income taxes paid | $(22,692)$ | $(18,619)$ |
| Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities | 6,468 | 62,235 |
| II. Cash Flows from Investing Activities: |  |  |
| Proceeds from sales of property, plant and equipment | 2,157 | 439 |
| Expenditures for property, plant and equipment | $(28,548)$ | $(33,637)$ |
| Expenditures for intangible assets | $(25,589)$ | $(25,405)$ |
| Payments for purchases of investment securities | (389) | (267) |
| Proceeds from sales of investment securities | 489 | 975 |
| Net (increase) decrease of time deposits | (42) | (24) |
| Purchase of business, net of cash acquired | $(52,233)$ | $(14,210)$ |
| Other, net | - | 1,239 |
| Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities | $(104,155)$ | $(70,890)$ |
| III. Cash Flows from Financing Activities: |  |  |
| Net increase (decrease) of short-term debt | 39,143 | 11,480 |
| Proceeds from long-term debt | 109,046 | 44,551 |
| Repayments of long-term debt | $(23,009)$ | $(39,762)$ |
| Repayments of bonds | $(13,725)$ | $(10,000)$ |
| Repayments of lease liabilities | $(24,226)$ | $(22,942)$ |
| Dividends paid | $(18,635)$ | $(21,318)$ |
| Payments for purchase of treasury stock | $(30,005)$ | (7) |
| Other, net | (105) | $(1,227)$ |
| Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities | 38,484 | $(39,225)$ |
| IV. Effect of Exchange Rate Changes on Cash and Cash Equivalents | 5,814 | 8,297 |
| V. Net Increase (decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents | $(53,389)$ | $(39,583)$ |
| VI. Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year | 234,020 | 210,884 |
| VII. Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Period | 180,631 | 171,301 |

Notes: The difference in the amount of "cash and cash equivalents" between condensed consolidated statement of financial position and condensed consolidated statement of cash flows represents bank overdrafts.
(5) Notes on premise going concern

Not applicable
(6) Changes in material accounting policies

Material accounting policies which apply in the condensed consolidated financial statements are same as previous fiscal year excepting the table below.

| IFRSs | Title | Summaries of new IFRSs/amendments |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| IAS 12 | Income Taxes | Clarify accounting for deferred tax related to assets and <br> liabilities arising from a single transaction. |

The effect of adoption of above standards is minor.
(7) Segment Information

Operating Segment Information
Nine months ended December 31, 2022 and 2023


|  | (Millions of yen) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Three months } \\ \text { ended } \\ \text { December 31, } \\ 2022 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Three months ended December 31, 2023 | Change | \% |
| Digital Services: |  |  |  |  |
| Sales: |  |  |  |  |
| Unaffiliated customers | 430,786 | 457,992 | 27,206 | 6.3 |
| Intersegment | - | - | - | - |
| Total | 430,786 | 457,992 | 27,206 | 6.3 |
| Operating expenses | 421,984 | 448,369 | 26,385 | 6.3 |
| Operating profit (loss) | 8,802 | 9,623 | 821 | 9.3 |
| Operating profit (loss) on sales in Digital Services (\%) | 2.0 | 2.1 |  |  |
| Digital Products: |  |  |  |  |
| Sales: |  |  |  |  |
| Unaffiliated customers | 29,807 | 24,631 | $(5,176)$ | (17.4) |
| Intersegment | 109,554 | 99,384 | $(10,170)$ | (9.3) |
| Total | 139,361 | 124,015 | $(15,346)$ | (11.0) |
| Operating expenses | 132,979 | 117,445 | $(15,534)$ | (11.7) |
| Operating profit (loss) | 6,382 | 6,570 | 188 | 2.9 |
| Operating profit (loss) on sales in Digital Products (\%) | 4.6 | 5.3 |  |  |
| Graphic Communications: |  |  |  |  |
| Sales: |  |  |  |  |
| Unaffiliated customers | 60,676 | 68,071 | 7,395 | 12.2 |
| Intersegment | - | - | - | - |
| Total | 60,676 | 68,071 | 7,395 | 12.2 |
| Operating expenses | 54,527 | 63,785 | 9,258 | 17.0 |
| Operating profit (loss) | 6,149 | 4,286 | $(1,863)$ | (30.3) |
| Operating profit (loss) on sales in Graphic Communications (\%) | 10.1 | 6.3 |  |  |
| Industrial Solutions: |  |  |  |  |
| Sales: |  |  |  |  |
| Unaffiliated customers | 27,994 | 27,567 | (427) | (1.5) |
| Intersegment | 652 | 356 | (296) | (45.4) |
| Total | 28,646 | 27,923 | (723) | (2.5) |
| Operating expenses | 28,743 | 27,937 | (806) | (2.8) |
| Operating profit (loss) | (97) | (14) | 83 | - |
| Operating profit (loss) on sales in Industrial Solutions (\%) | (0.3) | (0.1) |  |  |
| Other: |  |  |  |  |
| Sales: |  |  |  |  |
| Unaffiliated customers | 5,809 | 6,837 | 1,028 | 17.7 |
| Intersegment | 4,053 | 4,170 | 117 | 2.9 |
| Total | 9,862 | 11,007 | 1,145 | 11.6 |
| Operating expenses | 12,511 | 13,495 | 984 | 7.9 |
| Operating profit (loss) | $(2,649)$ | $(2,488)$ | 161 | - |
| Operating profit (loss) on sales in Other (\%) | (26.9) | (22.6) |  |  |
| Eliminations and Corporate: |  |  |  |  |
| Sales: |  |  |  |  |
| Intersegment | $(114,259)$ | $(103,910)$ | 10,349 |  |
| Total | $(114,259)$ | $(103,910)$ | 10,349 | - |
| Operating expenses: |  |  |  |  |
| Intersegment | $(114,259)$ | $(103,910)$ | 10,349 |  |
| Corporate | 2,427 | 380 | $(2,047)$ |  |
| Total | $(111,832)$ | $(103,530)$ | 8,302 | - |
| Operating profit (loss) | $(2,427)$ | (380) | 2,047 | - |
| Consolidated: |  |  |  |  |
| Sales: |  |  |  |  |
| Unaffiliated customers | 555,072 | 585,098 | 30,026 | 5.4 |
| Intersegment | - | - | - | - |
| Total | 555,072 | 585,098 | 30,026 | 5.4 |
| Operating expenses | 538,912 | 567,501 | 28,589 | 5.3 |
| Operating profit (loss) | 16,160 | 17,597 | 1,437 | 8.9 |
| Operating profit (loss) on consolidated sales (\%) | 2.9 | 3.0 |  |  |

Intersegment sales are primarily for Digital Services. Each category includes the following product line:
Digital Services $\quad$ Sales of MFPs (multifunctional printers), laser printers, digital duplicators, wide format printers, facsimile machine, scanners, personal computers, servers, network equipment,
related parts \& supplies, services, support, software and services \& solutions related to documents
Digital Products Production and OEM of MFPs (multifunctional printers), laser printers, digital duplicators, wide format printers, facsimile machine, network equipment, and related parts \& supplies, production and sales of scanners, related parts \& supplies and electronic components
Graphic Communications
Production and sales of cut sheet printers, continuous feed printers, inkjet heads, imaging systems, industrial printers, related parts \& supplies, services, support and software
Industrial Solutions
Other and precision mechanical component
Digital cameras, $360^{\circ}$ cameras, environment, healthcare
(Notes) 1. Digital services as a business segment are mainly limited to the office services business and the office printing sales business. This segment does not include all digital services, which Ricoh aims to transform into "a digital services company" that connects workplaces and support worker's creativity. "Digital Services" provided as "a digital services company" is included in all the business segments as well as Digital Services business segment.
2. The PFU business in Other segment has been reclassified into Digital Services and Digital Products from the first quarter. Prior year comparative figures have also been reclassified to conform to the current year's presentation.

## (8) Significant subsequent events

(Conclusion of the Absorption-type Company Split Agreement)
In the "Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements - 37. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS " for the previous fiscal year (including other disclosures
*; hereinafter, "Previous Notes"), the Company and Toshiba Tec Corporation ("Toshiba Tec") announced their intention to proceed with procedures such as a company split with the aim of integrating their businesses of the development and manufacturing of multifunction printers ("MFPs") and other products (the "Business Integration") and entering into a joint venture company which Ricoh Technologies Co., Ltd., a consolidated subsidiary of Ricoh, becomes the successor company with the Company and Toshiba Tec as shareholders to develop and manufacture MFPs and other products (the "Joint Venture").
In order to implement the Business Integration, the Company resolved at Board of Directors' meeting held on February 6, 2024 to enter into an absorption-type company split agreement between the Company and the Joint Venture (the "Ricoh Absorption-type Spit Agreement") as well as to decide items such as the company name of the Joint Venture after the Absorption-type Split and entered into the Ricoh Absorptiontype Split Agreement on the same day. Toshiba Tec's Board of Directors held on February 6, 2024 also resolved to enter into an absorptiontype company split agreement between Toshiba Tec and the Joint Venture (the "Toshiba Tec Absorption-type Spit Agreement" and together with the "Ricoh Absorption-type Spit Agreement" referred to below as the "Absorption-type Split Agreement") and entered into the Toshiba Tec Absorption-type Split Agreement on the same day. As a result, certain matters that were previously undecided in the Previous Notes have been confirmed.

* (i)"Notice regarding a Business Partnership between Ricoh Company, Ltd., and Toshiba Tec Corporation by necessary procedures such as Company Split (Simplified Absorption-type Company Split), and the conclusion of a Business Integration Agreement and a Shareholders Agreement related to the integration of MFPs' development and manufacturing" released on May 19, 2023, (ii) "(Corrections) Notice Regarding Partial Corrections to the 'Notice regarding a Business Partnership between Ricoh Company, Ltd., and Toshiba Tec Corporation by necessary procedures such as Company Split (Simplified Absorption-type Company Split), and the conclusion of a Business Integration Agreement and a Shareholders Agreement related to the integration of MFPs' development and manufacturing"" released on July 19, 2023, (iii) "(Progress and changes in disclosure matters) Notice regarding a Business Partnership between Ricoh Company, Ltd., and Toshiba Tec Corporation by necessary procedures such as Company Split (Simplified Absorption-type Company Split), and the conclusion of a Business Integration Agreement and a Shareholders Agreement related to the integration of MFPs' development and manufacturing" released on August 24, 2023, and (iv) "(Second Correction) Notice Regarding Partial Corrections to the 'Notice regarding a Business Partnership between Ricoh Company, Ltd., and Toshiba Tec Corporation by necessary procedures such as Company Split (Simplified Absorption-type Company Split), and the conclusion of a Business Integration Agreement and a Shareholders Agreement related to the integration of MFPs' development and manufacturing'" released on November 24, 2023.

1. Nature of business of the division to be split

| The Company | Toshiba Tec |
| :--- | :--- |
| Development, manufacturing and Original Equipment <br> Manufacturing of MFPs, Printers, and those related <br> peripheral equipment and consumables | Development, manufacturing of MFPs, Auto ID <br> system, and those related products |

2. Schedule of the Business Integration

| Both companies' Board of Directors to approve the <br> conclusion of the Integration Agreement and the <br> Shareholders Agreement | May 19, 2023 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Conclusion of the Integration Agreement and the <br> Shareholders Agreement | May 19, 2023 |
| Both companies' Board of Directors to approve the <br> conclusion of the Absorption-type Split Agreement | February 6, 2024 |
| Conclusion of the Absorption-type Split Agreement | February 6, 2024 |
| Effective date of the Absorption-type Split | July 1, 2024 |

3. Details of the allotment related to the Absorption-type Split

The Joint Venture will allot and deliver 55 shares of its newly-issued common shares to the Company as consideration for the Joint Venture's assumption of rights and obligations upon the Ricoh Absorption-type Split becoming effective and 45 shares of its newly-issued common shares to Toshiba Tec as consideration for the assumption of rights and obligations upon the Toshiba Tec Absorption-type Split becoming effective.
As a result, the investment ratio in the Joint Venture after the Business Integration shall be $85 \%$ by the Company and $15 \%$ by Toshiba Tec as disclosed in Previous Notes.
4. Status of the successor company in the absorption-type split after the Absorption-type Split

|  | Successor Company in Absorption-type split |
| :--- | :--- |
| (1) Company name | ETRIA CO., LTD. |
| (2) Address | Yokohama-shi, Kanagawa, Japan |
| (3) Representative name | Katsunori Nakata, President and CEO |
| (4) Principal business | Development, production, and sales of office machines, <br> industrial equipment, optical equipment, their peripheral devices <br> and consumables, and other products. |
| (5) Capital stock | 500 million yen |
| (6) Accounting date | March 31 |

## 5. Future Outlook

The impact of the Absorption-type Split and the Business Partnership on the consolidated business results of Ricoh for the fiscal year ending March 2024 is expected to be negligible.
(Share Repurchase and Retirement)
At the meeting of the Board of Directors of the Company held on February 6, 2024, the Company resolved a share repurchase in accordance with Article 156 of the Companies Act of Japan and pursuant to Article 165, Paragraph 3, of the Companies Act. The Board also decided to retire treasury shares under Article 178 of the Companies Act.

1. Reason for share repurchase and share retirement

To improve shareholder return and capital efficiency.
2. Share repurchase
(1) Share category
(2) Number of shares
(3) Repurchase ceiling
(4) Period
(5) Method
3. Share retirement
(1) Share category
(2) Number of shares
(3) Retirement date

Common stock
Up to $36,000,000$ shares
(representing 5.9\% of issued and outstanding shares excluding treasury shares)
Up to $¥ 30$ billion
February 7, 2024, through August 30, 2024
Open market purchase on Tokyo Stock Exchange

Common stock
All shares repurchased
September 30, 2024

## (Reference)

Treasury stock as of December 31, 2023
(1) Number of issued and outstanding shares (excluding treasury shares) 609,105,396 shares
(2) Number of treasury shares

## -APPENDIX- (Nine months ended December 31, 2023)

1. Consolidated Sales by Product Category

Nine months ended December 31, 2022 and 2023

| (Millions of yen) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Nine months } \\ \text { ended } \\ \text { December 31, } \\ 2022 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Nine months } \\ \text { ended } \\ \text { December 31, } \\ 2023 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Change | \% | Change excluding exchange impact | \% |
| <Digital Services> | 1,203,994 | 1,341,366 | 137,372 | 11.4 | 82,182 | 6.8 |
| Percentage of sales (\%) | 78.8 | 79.0 |  |  |  |  |
| Domestic | 472,855 | 521,690 | 48,835 | 10.3 | 48,835 | 10.3 |
| Overseas | 731,139 | 819,676 | 88,537 | 12.1 | 33,347 | 4.6 |
| The Americas | 315,893 | 346,015 | 30,122 | 9.5 | 13,811 | 4.4 |
| Europe, Middle East and Africa | 327,033 | 379,742 | 52,709 | 16.1 | 16,707 | 5.1 |
| Other | 88,213 | 93,919 | 5,706 | 6.5 | 2,829 | 3.2 |
| <Digital Products> | 55,202 | 69,221 | 14,019 | 25.4 | 13,815 | 25.0 |
| Percentage of sales (\%) | 3.6 | 4.1 |  |  |  |  |
| Domestic | 27,787 | 31,729 | 3,942 | 14.2 | 3,942 | 14.2 |
| Overseas | 27,415 | 37,492 | 10,077 | 36.8 | 9,873 | 36.0 |
| The Americas | 12,612 | 22,490 | 9,878 | 78.3 | 9,859 | 78.2 |
| Europe, Middle East and Africa | 4,619 | 8,145 | 3,526 | 76.3 | 3,523 | 76.3 |
| Other | 10,184 | 6,857 | $(3,327)$ | (32.7) | $(3,509)$ | (34.5) |
| <Graphic Communications> | 169,558 | 188,478 | 18,920 | 11.2 | 9,604 | 5.7 |
| Percentage of sales (\%) | 11.1 | 11.1 |  |  |  |  |
| Domestic | 19,630 | 18,729 | (901) | (4.6) | (901) | (4.6) |
| Overseas | 149,928 | 169,749 | 19,821 | 13.2 | 10,505 | 7.0 |
| The Americas | 85,794 | 94,259 | 8,465 | 9.9 | 3,941 | 4.6 |
| Europe, Middle East and Africa | 43,122 | 48,768 | 5,646 | 13.1 | 1,195 | 2.8 |
| Other | 21,012 | 26,722 | 5,710 | 27.2 | 5,369 | 25.6 |
| <Industrial Solutions> | 83,793 | 79,433 | $(4,360)$ | (5.2) | $(6,852)$ | (8.2) |
| Percentage of sales (\%) | 5.5 | 4.7 |  |  |  |  |
| Domestic | 24,570 | 27,977 | 3,407 | 13.9 | 3,407 | 13.9 |
| Overseas | 59,223 | 51,456 | $(7,767)$ | (13.1) | $(10,259)$ | (17.3) |
| The Americas | 24,042 | 22,112 | $(1,930)$ | (8.0) | $(2,970)$ | (12.4) |
| Europe, Middle East and Africa | 17,301 | 13,045 | $(4,256)$ | (24.6) | $(5,479)$ | (31.7) |
| Other | 17,880 | 16,299 | $(1,581)$ | (8.8) | $(1,810)$ | (10.1) |
| <Other> | 16,061 | 19,190 | 3,129 | 19.5 | 2,636 | 16.4 |
| Percentage of sales (\%) | 1.1 | 1.1 |  |  |  |  |
| Domestic | 6,390 | 7,289 | 899 | 14.1 | 899 | 14.1 |
| Overseas | 9,671 | 11,901 | 2,230 | 23.1 | 1,737 | 18.0 |
| The Americas | 3,593 | 3,687 | 94 | 2.6 | (72) | (2.0) |
| Europe, Middle East and Africa | 2,817 | 3,098 | 281 | 10.0 | (12) | (0.4) |
| Other | 3,261 | 5,116 | 1,855 | 56.9 | 1,821 | 55.8 |
| Total | 1,528,608 | 1,697,688 | 169,080 | 11.1 | 101,385 | 6.6 |
| Percentage of sales (\%) | 100.0 | 100.0 |  |  |  |  |
| Domestic | 551,232 | 607,414 | 56,182 | 10.2 | 56,182 | 10.2 |
| Percentage of sales (\%) | 36.1 | 35.8 |  |  |  |  |
| Overseas | 977,376 | 1,090,274 | 112,898 | 11.6 | 45,203 | 4.6 |
| Percentage of sales (\%) | 63.9 | 64.2 |  |  |  |  |
| The Americas | 441,934 | 488,563 | 46,629 | 10.6 | 24,569 | 5.6 |
| Percentage of sales (\%) | 28.9 | 28.8 |  |  |  |  |
| Europe, Middle East and Africa | 394,892 | 452,798 | 57,906 | 14.7 | 15,934 | 4.0 |
| Percentage of sales (\%) | 25.8 | 26.7 |  |  |  |  |
| Other | 140,550 | 148,913 | 8,363 | 6.0 | 4,700 | 3.3 |
| Percentage of sales (\%) | 9.2 | 8.8 |  |  |  |  |

Each category includes the following product line:

Digital Services

Digital Products

Graphic Communications
Industrial Solutions

Other

Sales of MFPs (multifunctional printers), laser printers, digital duplicators, wide format printers, facsimile machine, scanners, personal computers, servers, network equipment, related parts \& supplies, services, support, software and services \& solutions related to documents Production and OEM of MFPs (multifunctional printers), laser printers, digital duplicators, wide format printers, facsimile machine, network equipment, and related parts \& supplies, production and sales of scanners, related parts \& supplies and electronic components Production and sales of cut sheet printers, continuous feed printers, inkjet heads, imaging systems, industrial printers, related parts \& supplies, services, support and software
Production and sales of thermal paper and thermal media, industrial optical component/module and precision mechanical component
Digital cameras, $360^{\circ}$ cameras, environment, healthcare
(Notes) 1. Digital services as a business segment are mainly limited to the office services business and the office printing sales business. This segment does not include all digital services, which Ricoh aims to transform into "a digital services company" that connects workplaces and support worker's creativity. "Digital Services" provided as "a digital services company" is included in all the business segments as well as Digital Services business segment.
2. The PFU business in Other segment has been reclassified into Digital Services and Digital Products from the first quarter. Prior year comparative figures have also been reclassified to conform to the current year's presentation.

## 2. Consolidated Sales by Product Category

Three months ended December 31, 2022 and 2023
(Millions of yen)

|  | ```Three months ended December 31, 2022``` | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Three months } \\ & \text { ended } \\ & \text { December 31, } \\ & 2023 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Change | \% | (Millions of yen) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | Change excluding exchange impact | \% |
| <Digital Services> | 430,786 | 457,992 | 27,206 | 6.3 | 8,395 | 1.9 |
| Percentage of sales (\%) | 77.6 | 78.3 |  |  |  |  |
| Domestic | 168,117 | 174,216 | 6,099 | 3.6 | 6,099 | 3.6 |
| Overseas | 262,669 | 283,776 | 21,107 | 8.0 | 2,296 | 0.9 |
| The Americas | 110,183 | 116,917 | 6,734 | 6.1 | 1,793 | 1.6 |
| Europe, Middle East and Africa | 121,020 | 133,909 | 12,889 | 10.7 | 397 | 0.3 |
| Other | 31,466 | 32,950 | 1,484 | 4.7 | 106 | 0.3 |
| <Digital Products> | 29,807 | 24,631 | $(5,176)$ | (17.4) | $(5,254)$ | (17.6) |
| Percentage of sales (\%) | 5.4 | 4.2 |  |  |  |  |
| Domestic | 14,550 | 10,283 | $(4,267)$ | (29.3) | $(4,267)$ | (29.3) |
| Overseas | 15,257 | 14,348 | (909) | (6.0) | (987) | (6.5) |
| The Americas | 7,540 | 8,420 | 880 | 11.7 | 874 | 11.6 |
| Europe, Middle East and Africa | 3,117 | 3,306 | 189 | 6.1 | 187 | 6.0 |
| Other | 4,600 | 2,622 | $(1,978)$ | (43.0) | $(2,048)$ | (44.5) |
| <Graphic Communications> | 60,676 | 68,071 | 7,395 | 12.2 | 4,091 | 6.7 |
| Percentage of sales (\%) | 10.9 | 11.6 |  |  |  |  |
| Domestic | 6,527 | 6,398 | (129) | (2.0) | (129) | (2.0) |
| Overseas | 54,149 | 61,673 | 7,524 | 13.9 | 4,220 | 7.8 |
| The Americas | 31,384 | 34,089 | 2,705 | 8.6 | 1,226 | 3.9 |
| Europe, Middle East and Africa | 15,620 | 18,002 | 2,382 | 15.2 | 753 | 4.8 |
| Other | 7,145 | 9,582 | 2,437 | 34.1 | 2,241 | 31.4 |
| <Industrial Solutions> | 27,994 | 27,567 | (427) | (1.5) | $(1,320)$ | (4.7) |
| Percentage of sales (\%) | 5.0 | 4.7 |  |  |  |  |
| Domestic | 8,137 | 9,643 | 1,506 | 18.5 | 1,506 | 18.5 |
| Overseas | 19,857 | 17,924 | $(1,933)$ | (9.7) | $(2,826)$ | (14.2) |
| The Americas | 7,947 | 7,668 | (279) | (3.5) | (604) | (7.6) |
| Europe, Middle East and Africa | 5,756 | 4,412 | $(1,344)$ | (23.3) | $(1,751)$ | (30.4) |
| Other | 6,154 | 5,844 | (310) | (5.0) | (471) | (7.7) |
| <Other> | 5,809 | 6,837 | 1,028 | 17.7 | 835 | 14.4 |
| Percentage of sales (\%) | 1.0 | 1.2 |  |  |  |  |
| Domestic | 2,315 | 2,747 | 432 | 18.7 | 432 | 18.7 |
| Overseas | 3,494 | 4,090 | 596 | 17.1 | 403 | 11.5 |
| The Americas | 1,206 | 1,188 | (18) | (1.5) | (74) | (6.1) |
| Europe, Middle East and Africa | 1,035 | 1,099 | 64 | 6.2 | (39) | (3.8) |
| Other | 1,253 | 1,803 | 550 | 43.9 | 516 | 41.2 |
| Total | 555,072 | 585,098 | 30,026 | 5.4 | 6,748 | 1.2 |
| Percentage of sales (\%) | 100.0 | 100.0 |  |  |  |  |
| Domestic | 199,646 | 203,287 | 3,641 | 1.8 | 3,641 | 1.8 |
| Percentage of sales (\%) | 36.0 | 34.7 |  |  |  |  |
| Overseas | 355,426 | 381,811 | 26,385 | 7.4 | 3,107 | 0.9 |
| Percentage of sales (\%) | 64.0 | 65.3 |  |  |  |  |
| The Americas | 158,260 | 168,282 | 10,022 | 6.3 | 3,215 | 2.0 |
| Percentage of sales (\%) | 28.5 | 28.8 |  |  |  |  |
| Europe, Middle East and Africa | 146,548 | 160,728 | 14,180 | 9.7 | (453) | (0.3) |
| Percentage of sales (\%) | 26.4 | 27.5 |  |  |  |  |
| Other | 50,618 | 52,801 | 2,183 | 4.3 | 345 | 0.7 |
| Percentage of sales (\%) | 9.1 | 9.0 |  |  |  |  |

Each category includes the following product line:

Digital Services

Digital Products

Graphic Communications
Industrial Solutions
Other

Sales of MFPs (multifunctional printers), laser printers, digital duplicators, wide format printers, facsimile machine, scanners, personal computers, servers, network equipment, related parts \& supplies, services, support, software and services \& solutions related to documents Production and OEM of MFPs (multifunctional printers), laser printers, digital duplicators, wide format printers, facsimile machine, network equipment, and related parts \& supplies, production and sales of scanners, related parts \& supplies and electronic components Production and sales of cut sheet printers, continuous feed printers, inkjet heads, imaging systems, industrial printers, related parts \& supplies, services, support and software
Production and sales of thermal paper and thermal media, industrial optical component/module and precision mechanical component
Digital cameras, $360^{\circ}$ cameras, environment, healthcare
(Notes) 1. Digital services as a business segment are mainly limited to the office services business and the office printing sales business. This segment does not include all digital services, which Ricoh aims to transform into "a digital services company" that connects workplaces and support worker's creativity. "Digital Services" provided as "a digital services company" is included in all the business segments as well as Digital Services business segment.
2. The PFU business in Other segment has been reclassified into Digital Services and Digital Products from the first quarter. Prior year comparative figures have also been reclassified to conform to the current year's presentation.
3. Forecast of Consolidated Performance
(Billions of yen)

|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nine months } \\ & \text { ended } \\ & \text { December 31, } \\ & 2023 \\ & \text { Results } \end{aligned}$ | Change <br> \% | Three months ending March 31, 2024 Forecast | Change <br> \% | Year ending March 31, 2024 Forecast | Change <br> \% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Sales | 1,697.6 | 11.1 | 602.3 | (0.5) | 2,300.0 | 7.8 |
| Gross profit | 596.6 | 10.7 | 208.3 | 0.9 | 805.0 | 8.0 |
| Operating profit | 37.1 | (6.2) | 22.8 | (41.6) | 60.0 | (23.8) |
| Profit before income tax expenses | 42.6 | 0.9 | 23.8 | (38.9) | 66.5 | (18.2) |
| Profit attributable to owners of the parent | 30.2 | 10.3 | 13.7 | (49.0) | 44.0 | (19.1) |
| Earnings per share attributable to owners of the parent-basic (yen) | 49.71 | 5.42 | 22.53 | (21.68) | 72.24 | (15.89) |
| Earnings per share attributable to owners of the parent- diluted (yen) | 49.69 | 5.41 | 22.50 | (21.70) | 72.19 | (15.91) |
| Capital expenditures | 33.6 |  | 14.3 |  | 48.0 |  |
| Depreciation | 32.4 |  | 10.5 |  | 43.0 |  |
| R\&D expenditures | 81.7 |  | 26.2 |  | 108.0 |  |
| Exchange rate (Yen/US\$) | 143.24 |  | 145.00 |  | 143.68 |  |
| Exchange rate (Yen/EURO) | 155.26 |  | 155.00 |  | 155.19 |  |

* The amounts presented in capital expenditures and depreciation are for property, plant and equipment.

4. Forecast of Consolidated Sales by Product Category

|  |  |  |  | (Billions of yen) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Year ended March 31,2023 | Three months ending March 31, 2024 |  | Year ending March 31, 2024 |  |  |  |
|  | Results | Forecast | Forecast excluding exchange impact | Forecast | $\begin{gathered} \text { Change } \\ \% \end{gathered}$ | Forecast excluding exchange impact | Change \% |
| <Digital Services> | 1,684.3 | 458.6 | 437.2 | 1,800.0 | 6.9 | 1,721.9 | 2.2 |
| Domestic | 689.2 | 210.0 | 210.0 | 731.7 | 6.2 | 731.7 | 6.2 |
| Overseas | 995.1 | 248.5 | 227.2 | 1,068.2 | 7.4 | 990.1 | (0.5) |
| The Americas | 426.6 | 104.2 | 95.0 | 450.2 | 5.6 | 424.7 | (0.4) |
| Europe, Middle East and Africa | 451.9 | 115.9 | 106.3 | 495.6 | 9.7 | 450.0 | (0.4) |
| Other | 116.5 | 28.3 | 25.8 | 122.2 | 4.9 | 115.3 | (1.1) |
| <Digital Products> | 79.6 | 29.7 | 27.9 | 99.0 | 24.3 | 95.7 | 20.2 |
| Domestic | 41.4 | 16.9 | 16.9 | 48.6 | 17.3 | 48.6 | 17.3 |
| Overseas | 38.1 | 12.8 | 11.0 | 50.3 | 31.9 | 47.0 | 23.3 |
| The Americas | 19.7 | 6.2 | 5.3 | 28.7 | 45.1 | 27.0 | 36.9 |
| Europe, Middle East and Africa | 8.7 | 3.4 | 2.8 | 11.5 | 33.1 | 10.5 | 20.9 |
| Other | 9.6 | 3.1 | 2.8 | 10.0 | 3.8 | 9.4 | (2.2) |
| <Graphic Communications> | 234.8 | 83.5 | 77.3 | 272.0 | 15.8 | 255.7 | 8.9 |
| Domestic | 27.1 | 11.6 | 11.6 | 30.3 | 11.6 | 30.3 | 11.6 |
| Overseas | 207.6 | 71.9 | 65.7 | 241.6 | 16.4 | 225.3 | 8.5 |
| The Americas | 118.0 | 40.9 | 37.6 | 135.2 | 14.6 | 127.4 | 8.0 |
| Europe, Middle East and Africa | 60.2 | 20.4 | 18.6 | 69.2 | 15.0 | 62.8 | 4.4 |
| Other | 29.3 | 10.4 | 9.3 | 37.2 | 26.5 | 35.0 | 19.3 |
| <Industrial Solutions> | 113.5 | 27.5 | 25.9 | 107.0 | (5.8) | 102.4 | (9.8) |
| Domestic | 36.9 | 9.7 | 9.7 | 37.6 | 2.0 | 37.6 | 2.0 |
| Overseas | 76.6 | 17.8 | 16.2 | 69.3 | (9.5) | 64.7 | (15.5) |
| The Americas | 31.8 | 7.6 | 7.0 | 29.7 | (6.4) | 28.0 | (11.7) |
| Europe, Middle East and Africa | 21.9 | 4.5 | 4.1 | 17.5 | (19.9) | 15.9 | (27.3) |
| Other | 22.8 | 5.6 | 5.0 | 21.9 | (4.0) | 20.7 | (9.5) |
| <Other> | 21.7 | 2.8 | 2.5 | 22.0 | 1.1 | 21.1 | (3.0) |
| Domestic | 9.1 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 8.3 | (8.2) | 8.3 | (8.2) |
| Overseas | 12.6 | 1.7 | 1.5 | 13.6 | 7.8 | 12.7 | 0.7 |
| The Americas | 4.5 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 4.2 | (8.1) | 3.9 | (13.2) |
| Europe, Middle East and Africa | 3.6 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 3.5 | (2.6) | 3.2 | (11.6) |
| Other | 4.4 | 0.7 | 0.6 | 5.8 | 32.8 | 5.5 | 25.4 |
| Total | 2,134.1 | 602.3 | 571.1 | 2,300.0 | 7.8 | 2,196.9 | 2.9 |
| Domestic | 803.9 | 249.3 | 249.3 | 856.7 | 6.6 | 856.7 | 6.6 |
| Overseas | 1,330.2 | 352.9 | 321.7 | 1,443.2 | 8.5 | 1,340.1 | 0.7 |
| The Americas | 600.8 | 159.7 | 145.5 | 648.2 | 7.9 | 611.3 | 1.8 |
| Europe, Middle East and Africa | 546.4 | 144.8 | 132.4 | 597.6 | 9.4 | 542.6 | (0.7) |
| Other | 182.9 | 48.4 | 43.8 | 197.3 | 7.9 | 186.1 | 1.7 |

(Notes) 1. Digital services as a business segment are mainly limited to the office services business and the office printing sales business. This segment does not include all digital services, which Ricoh aims to transform into "a digital services company" that connects workplaces and support worker's creativity. "Digital Services" provided as "a digital services company" is included in all the business segments as well as Digital Services business segment.
2. The PFU business in Other segment has been reclassified into Digital Services and Digital Products from the first quarter. Prior year comparative figures have also been reclassified to conform to the current year's presentation.


[^0]:    * The result forecasts and forward-looking statements included in this document are based on information available to the Company as at the date of submission of this quarterly report and certain assumptions that the Company considers reasonable. The Company makes no guarantees with respect to the achievement of its result forecasts or forward-looking statements. Actual results might be significantly different from the forecasts in the document, depending on various factors. Factors which may affect the actual business results include but are not limited to the economic situation in the geographic areas where Ricoh conducts business, including Japan, the Americas, Europe, Middle East, Africa, China and Asia, market environment, and currency exchange rates.

