0.8% LOW VOLTAGE DETECTOR

NO.EA-160-090707

OUTLINE

The R3114x series are CMOS-based voltage detector ICs with high detector threshold accuracy and ultra-low supply current, which can be operated at an extremely low voltage and is used for system reset as an example.

Each of these ICs consists of a voltage reference unit, a comparator, resistors for detector threshold setting, an output driver and a hysteresis circuit. The detector threshold is fixed with high accuracy internally and does not require any adjustment.

Two output types, Nch open drain type and CMOS type are available.

The R3114x series are operable at a lower voltage than that of the R3111x series, and can be driven by a single battery.

Three types of packages, SOT-23-5, SC-82AB, and DFN(PLP)1010-4 are available.

FEATURES

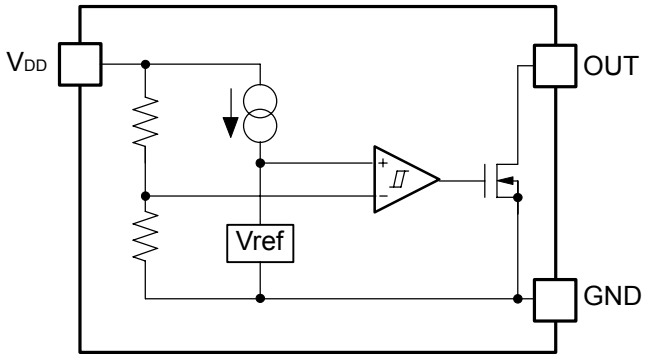
- Supply Current ..... Typ. 0.35μA ($-V_{DET}$=1.5V, V_{DD}=$-V_{DET}$+1V)
- Operating Voltage Range ..... 0.5V to 6.0V (T_{opt}=25°C)
- Detector Threshold Range ..... Stepwise setting with a step of 0.1V in the range of 0.7V to 5.0V
- Detector Threshold Accuracy ..... ±0.8% ($-V_{DET} \geq$ 1.5V)
- Temperature-Drift Coefficient of Detector Threshold ..... Typ. ±30ppm/°C
- Output Types ..... Nch Open Drain "L" and CMOS
- Packages ..... SOT-23-5, SC-82AB, DFN(PLP)1010-4

APPLICATIONS

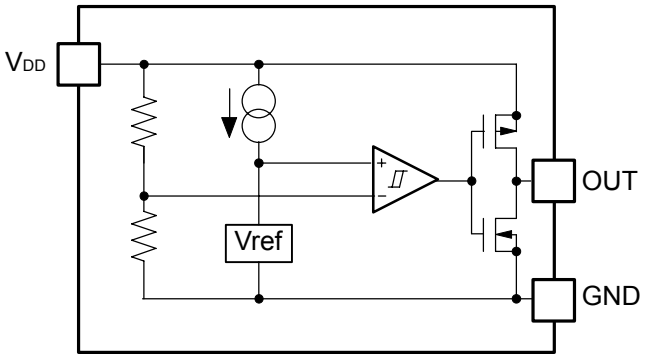
- CPU and Logic Circuit Reset
- Battery Checker
- Window Comparator
- Wave Shaping Circuit
- Battery Back-up Circuit
- Power Failure Detector

BLOCK DIAGRAMS

Nch Open Drain Output (R3114xxx1A)



CMOS Output (R3114xxx1C)



SELECTION GUIDE

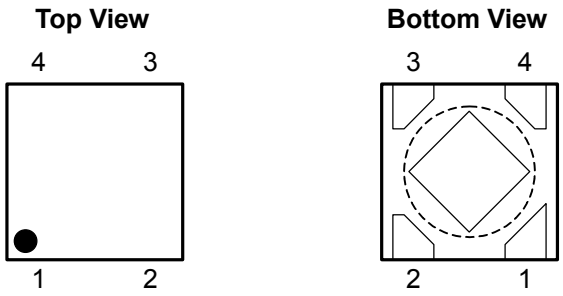
The package type, the detector threshold, the output type and the taping type for the ICs can be selected at the users' request. The selection can be made with designating the part number as shown below;

R3114xxx1x-xx-x ← Part Number
↑↑ ↑ ↑ ↑
a b c d e

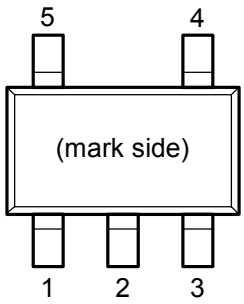
Code	Contents
a	Designation of Package Type; N: SOT-23-5 Q: SC-82AB K: DFN(PLP)1010-4
b	Setting Detector Threshold ($-V_{DET}$); Stepwise setting with a step of 0.1V in the range of 0.7V to 5.0V is possible.
c	Designation of Output Type; A: Nch Open Drain C: CMOS
d	Designation of Taping Type ; TR (Refer to Taping Specifications; TR type is the standard direction.)
e	Designation of Composition of pin plating -F : Lead free solder plating (SOT-23-5, SC-82AB) None: Au plating (DFN(PLP)1010-4)

PIN CONFIGURATIONS

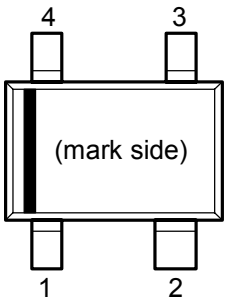
● **DFN(PLP)1010-4***



● **SOT-23-5**



● **SC-82AB**



PIN DESCRIPTIONS

● **DFN(PLP)1010-4***

Pin No.	Symbol	Description
1	OUT	Output Pin ("L" at detection, "H" at released)
2	NC	No Connection
3	GND	Ground Pin
4	V_{DD}	Input Pin

*) Tab is GND level. (They are connected to the reverse side of this IC.)
The tab is better to be connected to the GND, but leaving it open is also acceptable.

● **SOT-23-5**

Pin No.	Symbol	Description
1	OUT	Output Pin ("L" at detection, "H" at released)
2	V_{DD}	Input Pin
3	GND	Ground Pin
4	NC	No Connection
5	NC	No Connection

● **SC-82AB**

Pin No.	Symbol	Description
1	OUT	Output Pin ("L" at detection, "H" at released)
2	V_{DD}	Input Pin
3	NC	No Connection
4	GND	Ground Pin

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Symbol	Item	Rating	Unit
V_{DD}	Supply Voltage	7.0	V
V_{OUT}	Output Voltage (Nch Open Drain Output)	V_{SS}–0.3 to 7.0	V
	Output Voltage (CMOS Output)	V_{SS}–0.3 to V_{DD}+0.3	
I_{OUT}	Output Current	20	mA
P_D	Power Dissipation (SOT-23-5)*	420	mW
	Power Dissipation (SC-82AB)*	380	
	Power Dissipation (DFN(PLP)1010-4)*	400	
Topt	Operating Temperature Range	–40 to 85	°C
Tstg	Storage Temperature Range	–55 to 125	°C

∗) For Power Dissipation, please refer to PACKAGE INFORMATION.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Electronic and mechanical stress momentarily exceeded absolute maximum ratings may cause the permanent damages and may degrade the life time and safety for both device and system using the device in the field.
The functional operation at or over these absolute maximum ratings is not assured.

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS (ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS)

All of electronic equipment should be designed that the mounted semiconductor devices operate within the recommended operating conditions. The semiconductor devices cannot operate normally over the recommended operating conditions, even if when they are used over such conditions by momentary electronic noise or surge. And the semiconductor devices may receive serious damage when they continue to operate over the recommended operating conditions.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

- **R3114x071A/C** ☐ values indicate –40°C ≤ Topt ≤ 85°C, unless otherwise noted. Topt=25°C

Symbol	Item	Conditions		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
-V_{DET}	Detector Threshold	Topt=25°C		0.6880	0.7	0.7120	V
		–40°C ≤ Topt ≤ 85°C		0.6775		0.7225	
V_{HYS}	Detector Threshold Hysteresis			0.028		0.049	V
I_{SS}	Supply Current	V_{DD}=0.6V				1.4	µA
		V_{DD}=1.7V				1.2	
V_{DDH}	Maximum Operating Voltage					6	V
V_{DDL}	Minimum Operating Voltage*1	Topt=25°C				0.50	V
		–40°C ≤ Topt ≤ 85°C				0.55	
I_{OUT}	Output Current (Driver Output Pin)	Nch	V_{DD}=0.55V, V_{DS}=0.05V	7			µA
			V_{DD}=0.6V, V_{DS}=0.5V	0.02			mA
		Pch*2	V_{DD}=4.5V, V_{DS}=–2.1V	0.65			mA
I_{LEAK}	Nch Driver Leakage Current*3	V_{DD}=6.0V, V_{DS}=7.0V				80	nA
Δ-V_{DET}/ ΔTopt	Detector Threshold Temperature Coefficient	–40°C ≤ Topt ≤ 85°C			±30		ppm /°C
t_{PLH}	Output Delay Time	V_{DD}=0.55V→2.7V			40		µs

- **R3114x151A/C** ☐ values indicate –40°C ≤ Topt ≤ 85°C, unless otherwise noted. Topt=25°C

Symbol	Item	Conditions		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
-V_{DET}	Detector Threshold	Topt=25°C		1.4880	1.5	1.5120	V
		–40°C ≤ Topt ≤ 85°C		1.4775		1.5225	
V_{HYS}	Detector Threshold Hysteresis			0.060		0.105	V
I_{SS}	Supply Current	V_{DD}=1.4V				1.4	µA
		V_{DD}=2.5V			0.35	1.2	
V_{DDH}	Maximum Operating Voltage					6	V
V_{DDL}	Minimum Operating Voltage*1	Topt=25°C				0.50	V
		–40°C ≤ Topt ≤ 85°C				0.55	
I_{OUT}	Output Current (Driver Output Pin)	Nch	V_{DD}=0.55V, V_{DS}=0.05V	7			µA
			V_{DD}=1.0V, V_{DS}=0.5V	0.40			mA
		Pch*2	V_{DD}=4.5V, V_{DS}=–2.1V	0.65			mA
I_{LEAK}	Nch Driver Leakage Current*3	V_{DD}=6.0V, V_{DS}=7.0V				80	nA
Δ-V_{DET}/ ΔTopt	Detector Threshold Temperature Coefficient	–40°C ≤ Topt ≤ 85°C			±30		ppm /°C
t_{PLH}	Output Delay Time	V_{DD}=0.55V→3.5V			40		µs

All of unit are tested and specified under load conditions such that Topt=25°C except for Detector Threshold Temperature Coefficient.

∗1: Minimum operating voltage means the value of input voltage when output voltage maintains 0.1V or less. (In case of Nch Open Drain Output type, the output pin is pulled up with a resistance of 470kΩ to 5.0V)

∗2: In case of CMOS type

∗3: In case of Nch Open Drain type

- **R3114x271A/C** ☐ values indicate –40°C ≤ Topt ≤ 85°C, unless otherwise noted. Topt=25°C

Symbol	Item	Conditions		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
-V_{DET}	Detector Threshold	Topt=25°C		2.6784	2.7	2.7216	V
		–40°C ≤ Topt ≤ 85°C		2.6595		2.7405	
V_{HYS}	Detector Threshold Hysteresis			0.108		0.189	V
I_{SS}	Supply Current	V_{DD}=2.6V				1.5	µA
		V_{DD}=3.7V				1.2	
V_{DDH}	Maximum Operating Voltage					6	V
V_{DDL}	Minimum Operating Voltage*1	Topt=25°C				0.50	V
		–40°C ≤ Topt ≤ 85°C				0.55	
I_{OUT}	Output Current (Driver Output Pin)	Nch	V_{DD}=0.55V, V_{DS}=0.05V	7			µA
			V_{DD}=1.5V, V_{DS}=0.5V	1.00			mA
		Pch*2	V_{DD}=4.5V, V_{DS}=–2.1V	0.65			mA
I_{LEAK}	Nch Driver Leakage Current*3	V_{DD}=6.0V, V_{DS}=7.0V				80	nA
Δ-V_{DET}/ ΔTopt	Detector Threshold Temperature Coefficient	–40°C ≤ Topt ≤ 85°C			±30		ppm /°C
t_{PLH}	Output Delay Time	V_{DD}=0.55V→4.7V			40		µs

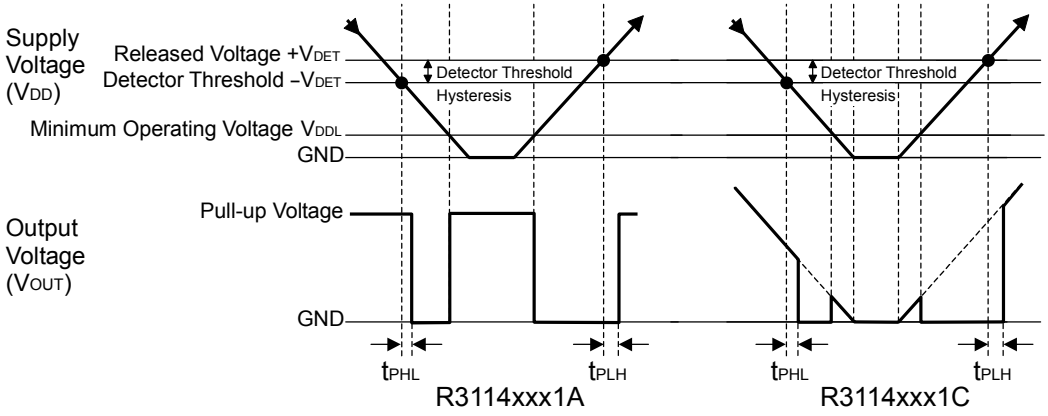
- **R3114x451A/C** ☐ values indicate –40°C ≤ Topt ≤ 85°C, unless otherwise noted. Topt=25°C

Symbol	Item	Conditions		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
-V_{DET}	Detector Threshold	Topt=25°C		4.4640	4.5	4.5360	V
		–40°C ≤ Topt ≤ 85°C		4.4325		4.5675	
V_{HYS}	Detector Threshold Hysteresis			0.180		0.315	V
I_{SS}	Supply Current	V_{DD}=4.4V				1.7	µA
		V_{DD}=5.5V				1.4	
V_{DDH}	Maximum Operating Voltage					6	V
V_{DDL}	Minimum Operating Voltage*1	Topt=25°C				0.50	V
		–40°C ≤ Topt ≤ 85°C				0.55	
I_{OUT}	Output Current (Driver Output Pin)	Nch	V_{DD}=0.55V, V_{DS}=0.05V	7			µA
			V_{DD}=3.0V, V_{DS}=0.5V	2.40			mA
		Pch*2	V_{DD}=6.0V, V_{DS}=–2.1V	0.90			mA
I_{LEAK}	Nch Driver Leakage Current*3	V_{DD}=6.0V, V_{DS}=7.0V				80	nA
Δ-V_{DET}/ ΔTopt	Detector Threshold Temperature Coefficient	–40°C ≤ Topt ≤ 85°C			±30		ppm /°C
t_{PLH}	Output Delay Time	V_{DD}=0.55V→6.0V			40		µs

All of unit are tested and specified under load conditions such that Topt=25°C except for Detector Threshold Temperature Coefficient.

∗1: Minimum operating voltage means the value of input voltage when output voltage maintains 0.1V or less. (In case of Nch Open Drain Output type, the output pin is pulled up with a resistance of 470kΩ to 5.0V)
∗2: In case of CMOS type
∗3: In case of Nch Open Drain type

TIMING CHART

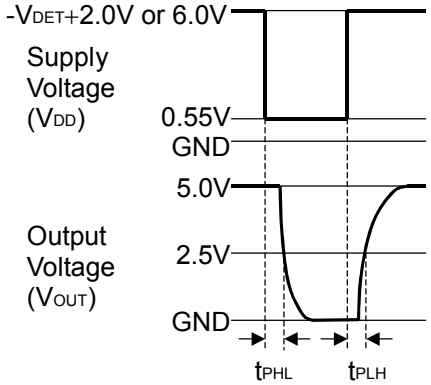


DEFINITION OF OUTPUT DELAY TIME

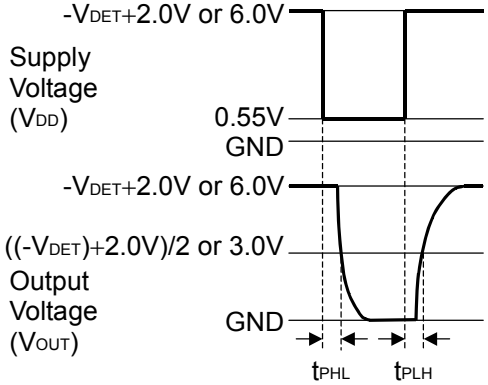
Output Delay Time (t_{PLH}) is defined as follows:

1. In the case of Nch Open Drain Output:
   Under the condition of the output pin (OUT) is pulled up through a resistor of 470kΩ to 5V, the time interval between the rising edge of V_{DD} pulse from 0.55V to (-V_{DET})+2.0V or the time interval of 6.0V pulse voltage is supplied, the becoming of the output voltage to 2.5V.

2. In the case of CMOS Output:
   The time interval between the rising edge of V_{DD} pulse from 0.55V to (-V_{DET})+2.0V or the time interval of 6.0V pulse voltage is supplied, the becoming of the output voltage to ((-V_{DET})+2.0V)/2 or 3.0V.



Nch Open Drain Output
(R3114xxx1A)



CMOS Output
(R3114xxx1C)

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS BY DETECTOR THRESHOLD

- **R3114x071A/C to R3114x501A/C**

Bold values are checked and guaranteed by design engineering at −40°C ≤ Topt ≤ 85°C, unless otherwise noted.

Topt=25°C

Part Number	Detector Threshold1		Detector Threshold2		Detector Threshold Hysteresis		Supply Current1		Supply Current2		Max. Op. Voltage	Min. Op. Voltage
	-V_{DET1} [V]		-V_{DET2} [V]		V_{HYS} [V]		I_{SS1} [µA]		I_{SS2} [µA]		V_{DDH} [V]	V_{DDL} [V]
	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Cond.	Max.	Cond.	Max.	Max.	Max.
R3114x071A/C	0.6880	0.7120	**0.6775**	**0.7225**	**0.028**	**0.049**						
R3114x081A/C	0.7880	0.8120	**0.7775**	**0.8225**	**0.032**	**0.056**						
R3114x091A/C	0.8880	0.9120	**0.8775**	**0.9225**	**0.036**	**0.063**						
R3114x101A/C	0.9880	1.0120	**0.9775**	**1.0225**	**0.040**	**0.070**						
R3114x111A/C	1.0880	1.1120	**1.0775**	**1.1225**	**0.044**	**0.077**		**1.400**				
R3114x121A/C	1.1880	1.2120	**1.1775**	**1.2225**	**0.048**	**0.084**						
R3114x131A/C	1.2880	1.3120	**1.2775**	**1.3225**	**0.052**	**0.091**						
R3114x141A/C	1.3880	1.4120	**1.3775**	**1.4225**	**0.056**	**0.098**						
R3114x151A/C	1.4880	1.5120	**1.4775**	**1.5225**	**0.060**	**0.105**						
R3114x161A/C	1.5872	1.6128	**1.5760**	**1.6240**	**0.064**	**0.112**						
R3114x171A/C	1.6864	1.7136	**1.6745**	**1.7255**	**0.068**	**0.119**						
R3114x181A/C	1.7856	1.8144	**1.7730**	**1.8270**	**0.072**	**0.126**				**1.200**		
R3114x191A/C	1.8848	1.9152	**1.8715**	**1.9285**	**0.076**	**0.133**						
R3114x201A/C	1.9840	2.0160	**1.9700**	**2.0300**	**0.080**	**0.140**						
R3114x211A/C	2.0832	2.1168	**2.0685**	**2.1315**	**0.084**	**0.147**						
R3114x221A/C	2.1824	2.2176	**2.1670**	**2.2330**	**0.088**	**0.154**						
R3114x231A/C	2.2816	2.3184	**2.2655**	**2.3345**	**0.092**	**0.161**		**1.500**				
R3114x241A/C	2.3808	2.4192	**2.3640**	**2.4360**	**0.096**	**0.168**						
R3114x251A/C	2.4800	2.5200	**2.4625**	**2.5375**	**0.100**	**0.175**						0.50
R3114x261A/C	2.5792	2.6208	**2.5610**	**2.6390**	**0.104**	**0.182**						
R3114x271A/C	2.6784	2.7216	**2.6595**	**2.7405**	**0.108**	**0.189**						
R3114x281A/C	2.7776	2.8224	**2.7580**	**2.8420**	**0.112**	**0.196**	V_{DD}= -V_{DET} -0.1V		V_{DD}= -V_{DET} +1.0V		**6**	**0.55**
R3114x291A/C	2.8768	2.9232	**2.8565**	**2.9435**	**0.116**	**0.203**						
R3114x301A/C	2.9760	3.0240	**2.9550**	**3.0450**	**0.120**	**0.210**						
R3114x311A/C	3.0752	3.1248	**3.0535**	**3.1465**	**0.124**	**0.217**						∗Note1
R3114x321A/C	3.1744	3.2256	**3.1520**	**3.2480**	**0.128**	**0.224**						
R3114x331A/C	3.2736	3.3264	**3.2505**	**3.3495**	**0.132**	**0.231**						
R3114x341A/C	3.3728	3.4272	**3.3490**	**3.4510**	**0.136**	**0.238**						
R3114x351A/C	3.4720	3.5280	**3.4475**	**3.5525**	**0.140**	**0.245**		**1.600**		**1.300**		
R3114x361A/C	3.5712	3.6288	**3.5460**	**3.6540**	**0.144**	**0.252**						
R3114x371A/C	3.6704	3.7296	**3.6445**	**3.7555**	**0.148**	**0.259**						
R3114x381A/C	3.7696	3.8304	**3.7430**	**3.8570**	**0.152**	**0.266**						
R3114x391A/C	3.8688	3.9312	**3.8415**	**3.9585**	**0.156**	**0.273**						
R3114x401A/C	3.9680	4.0320	**3.9400**	**4.0600**	**0.160**	**0.280**						
R3114x411A/C	4.0672	4.1328	**4.0385**	**4.1615**	**0.164**	**0.287**						
R3114x421A/C	4.1664	4.2336	**4.1370**	**4.2630**	**0.168**	**0.294**						
R3114x431A/C	4.2656	4.3344	**4.2355**	**4.3645**	**0.172**	**0.301**						
R3114x441A/C	4.3648	4.4352	**4.3340**	**4.4660**	**0.176**	**0.308**						
R3114x451A/C	4.4640	4.5360	**4.4325**	**4.5675**	**0.180**	**0.315**		**1.700**		**1.400**		
R3114x461A/C	4.5632	4.6368	**4.5310**	**4.6690**	**0.184**	**0.322**						
R3114x471A/C	4.6624	4.7376	**4.6295**	**4.7705**	**0.188**	**0.329**						
R3114x481A/C	4.7616	4.8384	**4.7280**	**4.8720**	**0.192**	**0.336**						
R3114x491A/C	4.8608	4.9392	**4.8265**	**4.9735**	**0.196**	**0.343**						
R3114x501A/C	4.9600	5.0400	**4.9250**	**5.0750**	**0.200**	**0.350**						

∗Note1) V_{DD} value when output voltage is equal or less than 0.1V. In the case of Nch Open Drain output type, the output pin is pulled up to 5.0V through 470kΩ resistor.

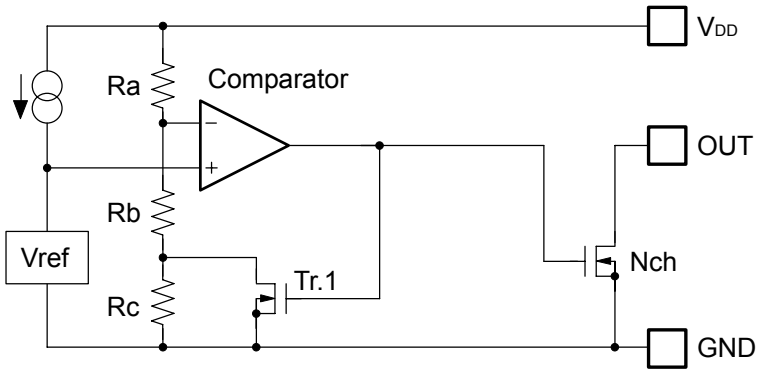
Nch Driver Output Current1		Nch Driver Output Current2		Pch Driver Output Current		Nch Driver Leakage Current		Detector Threshold Temperature Coefficient	Output Delay Time	
I_{OUT1} [µA]		I_{OUT2} [mA]		I_{OUT3} [mA]		I_{LEAK} [nA]		Δ-$V_{DET}/\Delta T_{opt}$ [ppm/°C]	t_{PLH} [µs]	
Cond.	Min.	Cond.	Min.	Cond.	Min.	Cond.	Max.	Typ.	Cond.	Typ.
V_{DD}= 0.55V V_{DS}= 0.05V	7	V_{DD}= 0.6V V_{DS}= 0.5V	0.020	V_{DD}= 4.5V V_{DS}= -2.1V	0.650	V_{DD}= 6.0V V_{DS}= 7.0V	80	±30	V_{DD}= 0.55V ↓ -V_{DET} +2.0V *Note2	40
		V_{DD}= 1.0V V_{DS}= 0.5V	0.400							
		V_{DD}= 1.5V V_{DS}= 0.5V	1.000							
		V_{DD}= 3.0V V_{DS}= 0.5V	2.400	V_{DD}= 6.0V V_{DS}= -2.1V	0.900				V_{DD}= 0.55V ↓ 6.0V *Note2	

*Note2) 1. In the case of CMOS output type:
When the voltage is forced from 0.55V to (-V_{DET})+2.0V or a 6.0V pulse voltage is added to V_{DD}, time interval that the output voltage reaches ((-V_{DET})+2.0V)/2 or a 3.0V.

2. In the case of Nch Open Drain output type:
The output pin is pulled up to 5.0V through 470kΩ, and when the voltage is forced from 0.55V to (-V_{DET})+2.0V or a 6.0V pulse voltage is added to V_{DD}, time interval that the output voltage reaches 2.5V.

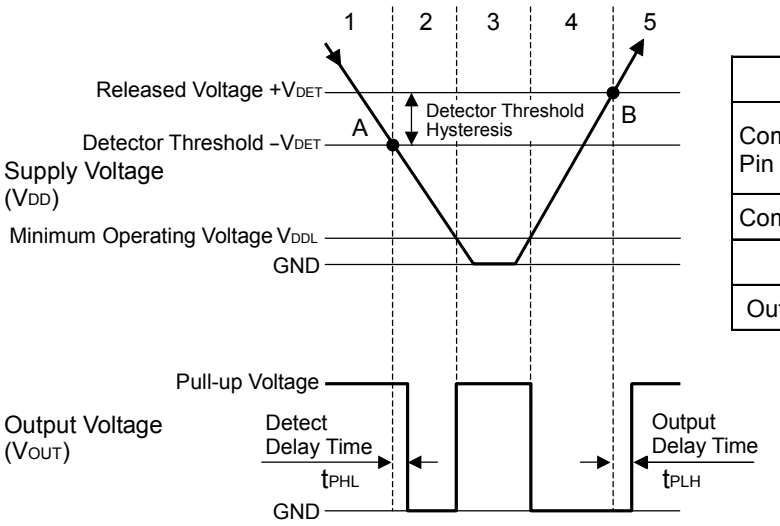
OPERATION

- **Operation of R3114xxx1A**



OUT pin should be pulled-up to V_{DD} or an external voltage level.

Block Diagram (R3114xxx1A)



Step		1	2	3	4	5
Comparator (–) Pin Input Voltage		I	II	II	II	I
Comparator Output		L	H	Indefinite	H	L
Tr.1		OFF	ON	Indefinite	ON	OFF
Output Tr.	Nch	OFF	ON	Indefinite	ON	OFF

$$\text{I} \quad \frac{Rb+Rc}{Ra+Rb+Rc} \times V_{DD}$$

$$\text{II} \quad \frac{Rb}{Ra+Rb} \times V_{DD}$$

Operation Diagram

- **Explanation of operation**

Step 1. The output voltage is equal to the pull-up voltage.

Step 2. At Point "A", Vref ≧ V_{DD}×(Rb+Rc)/(Ra+Rb+Rc) is true, as a result, the output of comparator is reversed from "L" to "H", therefore the output voltage becomes the GND level. The voltage level of Point A means a detector threshold voltage (-V_{DET}).

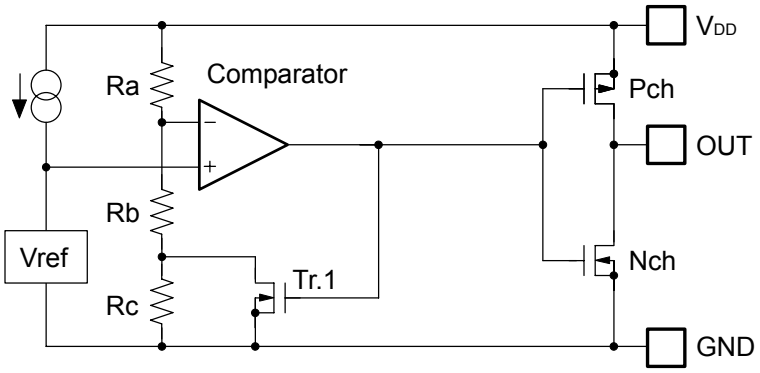
Step 3. When the supply voltage is lower than the minimum operating voltage, the operation of the output transistor becomes indefinite. The output voltage is equal to the pull-up voltage.

Step 4. The output voltage is equal to the GND level.

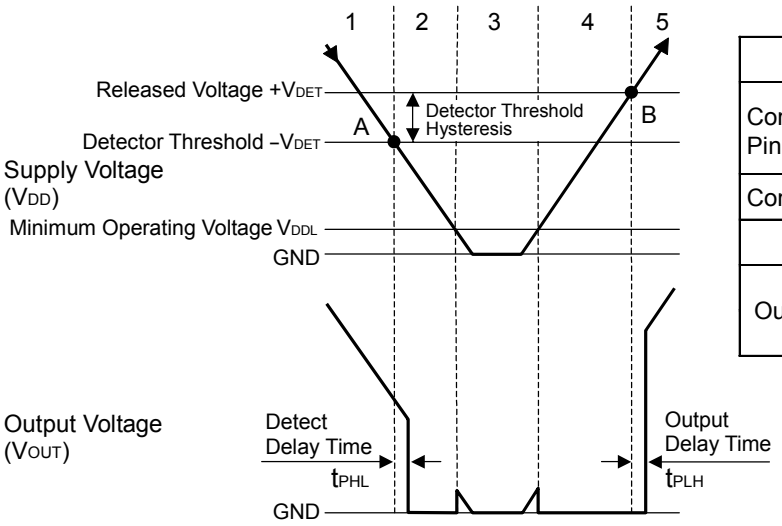
Step 5. At Point "B", Vref ≦ V_{DD}×Rb/(Ra+Rb) is true, as a result, the output of comparator is reversed from "H" to "L", then the output voltage is equal to the pull-up voltage. The voltage level of Point B means a released voltage (+V_{DET}).

∗) The difference between a released voltage and a detector threshold voltage is a detector threshold hysteresis.

• Operation of R3114xxx1C



Block Diagram (R3114xxx1C)



Step		1	2	3	4	5
Comparator (–) Pin Input Voltage		I	II	II	II	I
Comparator Output		L	H	Indefinite	H	L
Tr.1		OFF	ON	Indefinite	ON	OFF
Output Tr.	Pch	ON	OFF	Indefinite	OFF	ON
	Nch	OFF	ON	Indefinite	ON	OFF

$$\text{I} \quad \frac{Rb+Rc}{Ra+Rb+Rc} \times V_{DD}$$

$$\text{II} \quad \frac{Rb}{Ra+Rb} \times V_{DD}$$

Operation Diagram

• Explanation of operation

Step 1. The output voltage is equal to the supply voltage (V_{DD}).

Step 2. At Point "A", Vref ≧ $V_{DD}\times(Rb+Rc)/(Ra+Rb+Rc)$ is true, as a result, the output of comparator is reversed from "L" to "H", therefore the output voltage becomes the GND level. The voltage level of Point A means a detector threshold voltage ($-V_{DET}$).

Step 3. When the supply voltage is lower than the minimum operating voltage, the operation of the output transistor becomes indefinite.

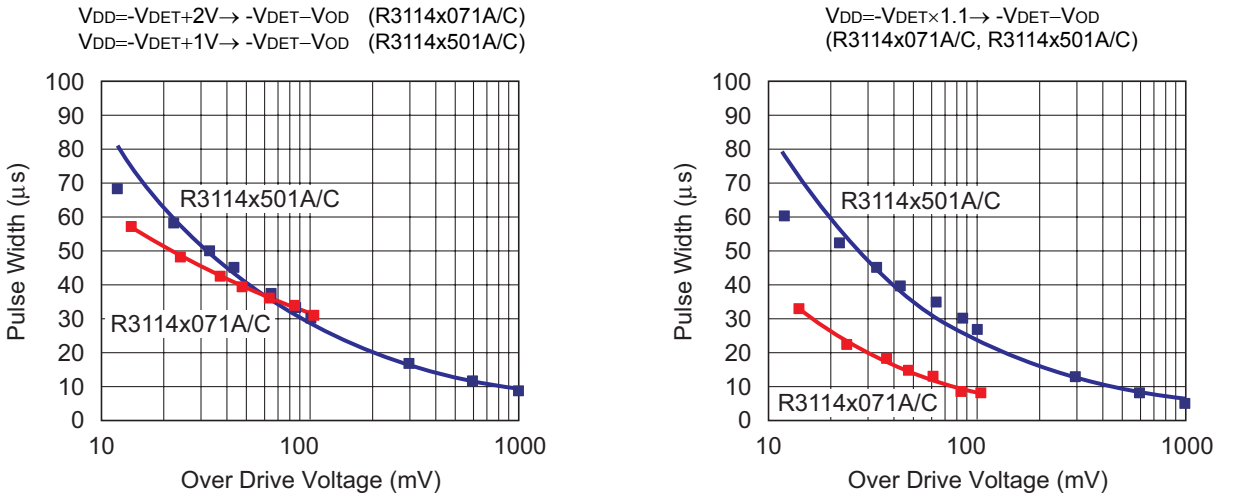
Step 4. The output voltage is equal to the GND level.

Step 5. At Point "B", Vref ≦ $V_{DD}\times Rb/(Ra+Rb)$ is true, as a result, the output of comparator is reversed from "H" to "L", then the output voltage is equal to the supply voltage (V_{DD}). The voltage level of Point B means a released voltage ($+V_{DET}$).

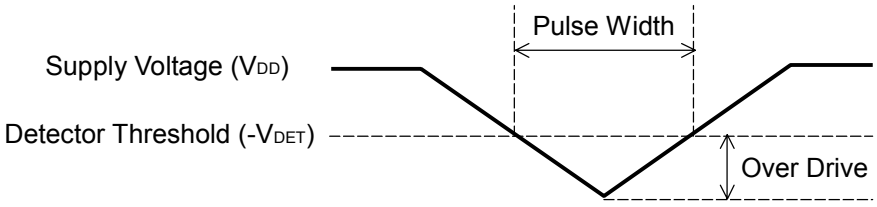
∗) The difference between a released voltage and a detector threshold voltage is a detector threshold hysteresis.

Detector Operation vs. glitch input voltage to the V_{DD} pin

When the R3114x is at released, if the pulse voltage which the detector threshold or lower voltage, the graph below means that the relation between pulse width and the amplitude of the swing to keep the released state for the R3114x.



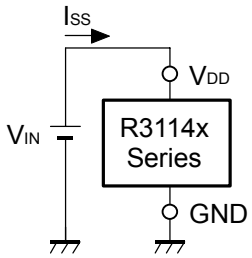
∗V_{OD}: Over Drive Voltage



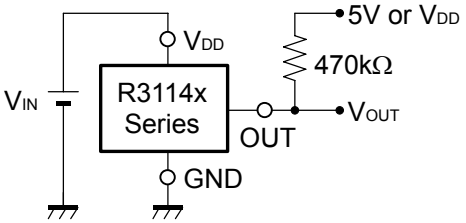
V_{DD} Input Waveform

This graph shows the maximum pulse conditions to keep the released voltage. If the pulse with larger amplitude or wider width than the graph above, is input to V_{DD} pin, the reset signal may be output.

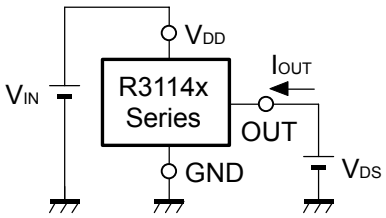
TEST CIRCUITS



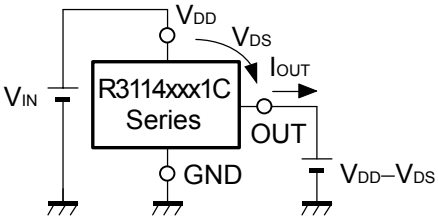
Supply Current Test Circuit



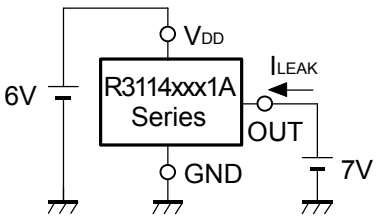
Detector Threshold Test Circuit
(Pull-up circuit is not necessary for CMOS Output type.)



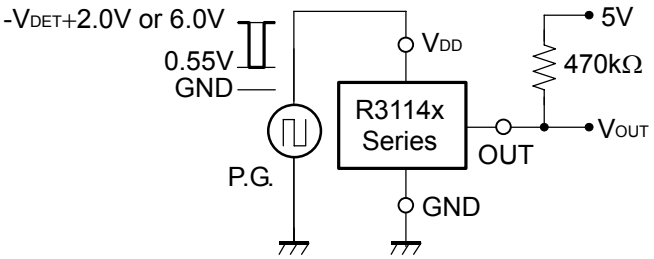
Nch Driver Output Current Test Circuit



Pch Driver Output Current Test Circuit
∗Apply to CMOS Output type only



Nch Driver Leakage Current Test Circuit
∗Apply to Nch Driver Output type only

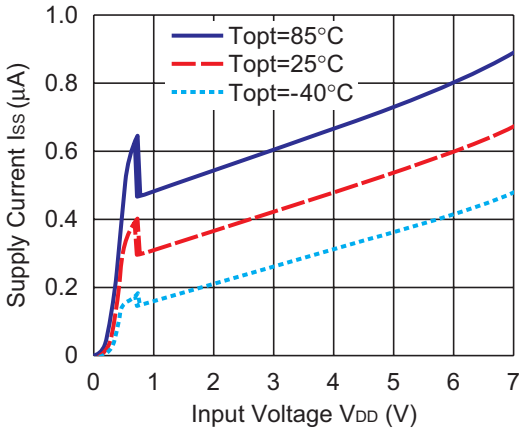


Output Delay Time Test Circuit
(Pull-up circuit is not necessary for CMOS Output type.)

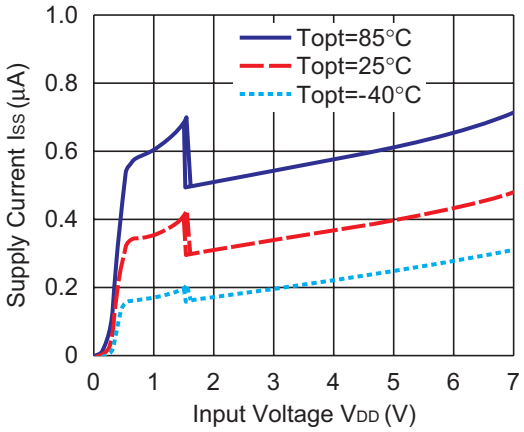
TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

1) Supply Current vs. Input Voltage

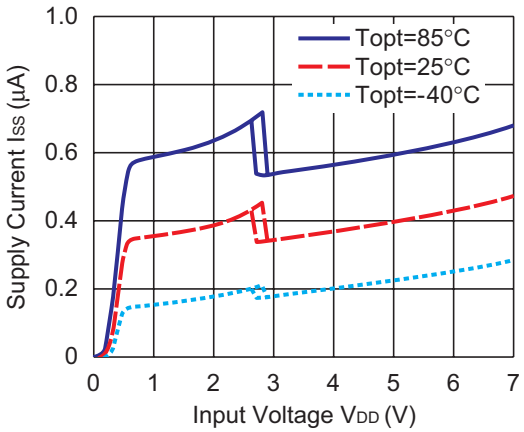
R3114x071A/C



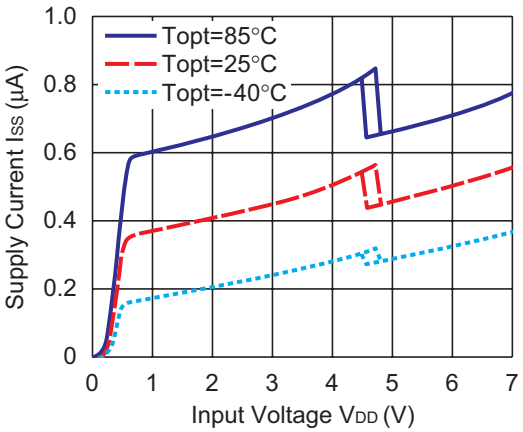
R3114x151A/C



R3114x271A/C

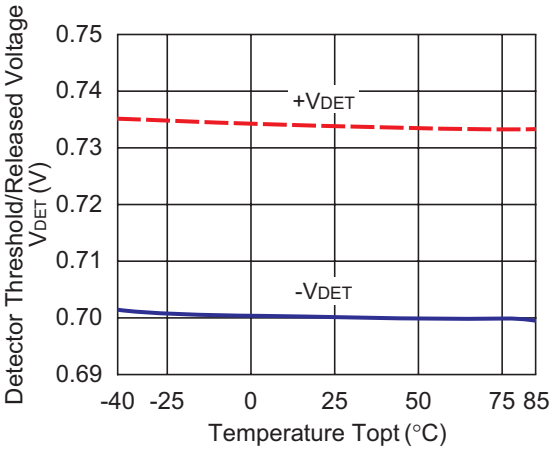


R3114x451A/C

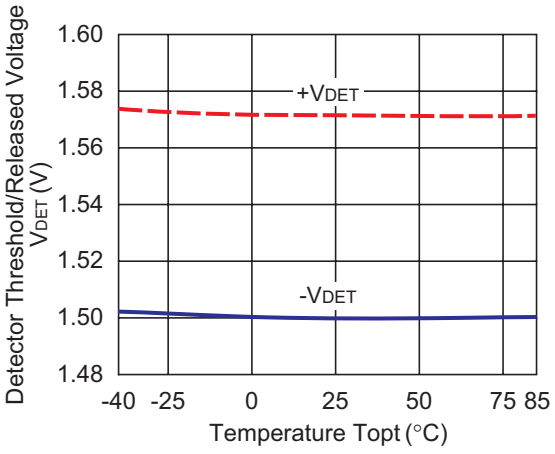


2) Detector Threshold vs. Temperature

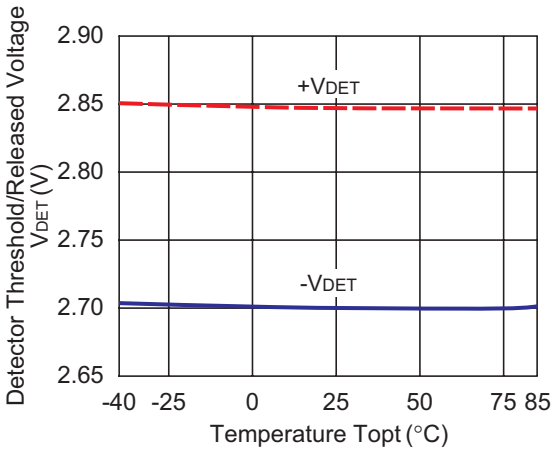
R3114x071A/C



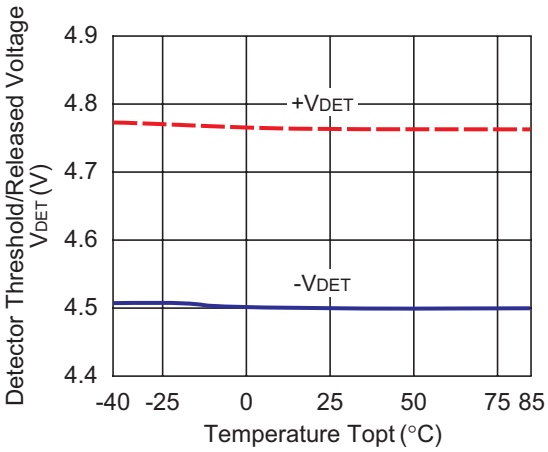
R3114x151A/C



R3114x271A/C

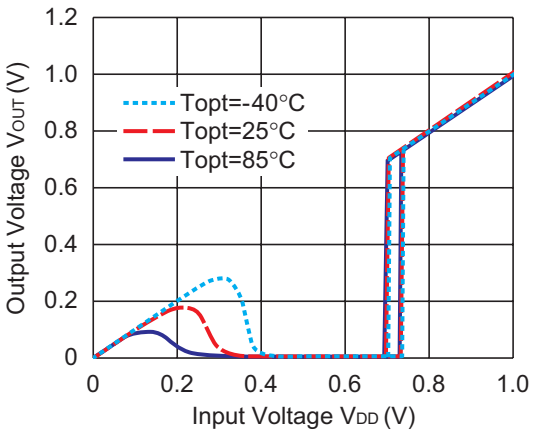


R3114x451A/C

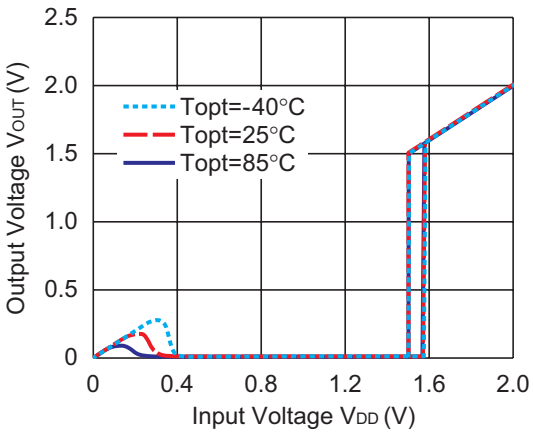


3) Output Voltage vs. Input Voltage

R3114x071C



R3114x151C



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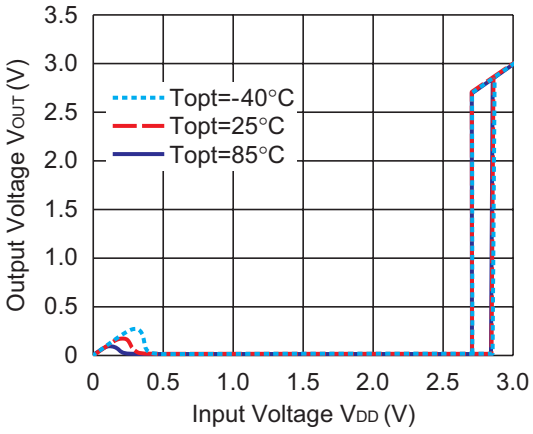
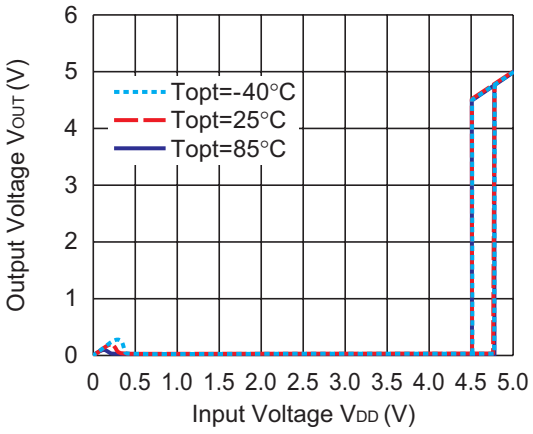
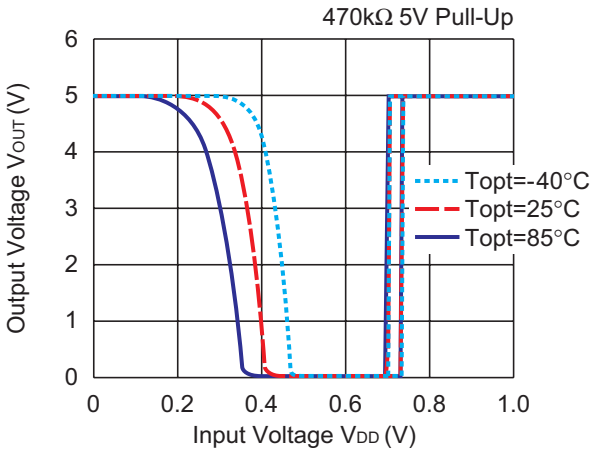


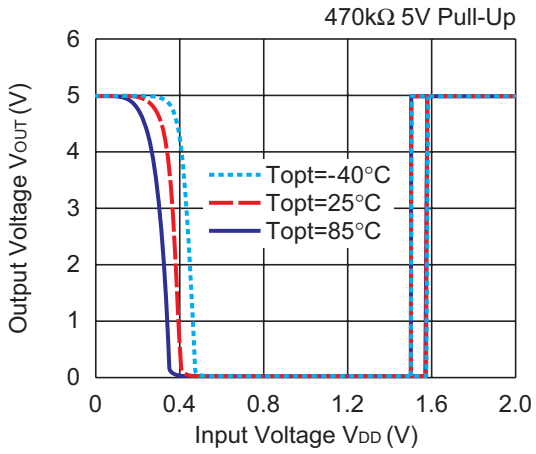
R3114x451C



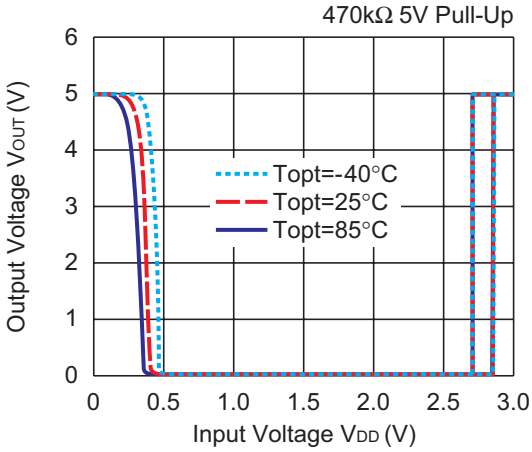
R3114x071A



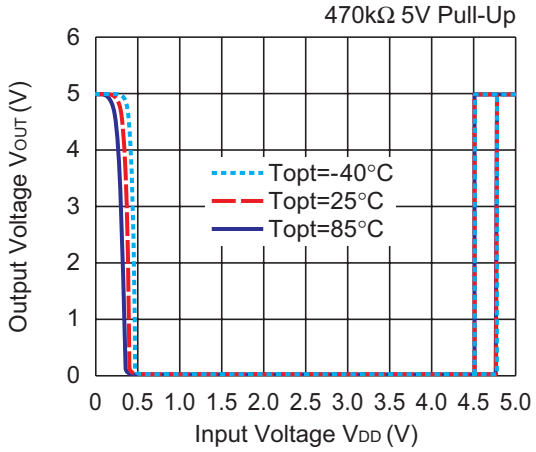
R3114x151A



R3114x271A

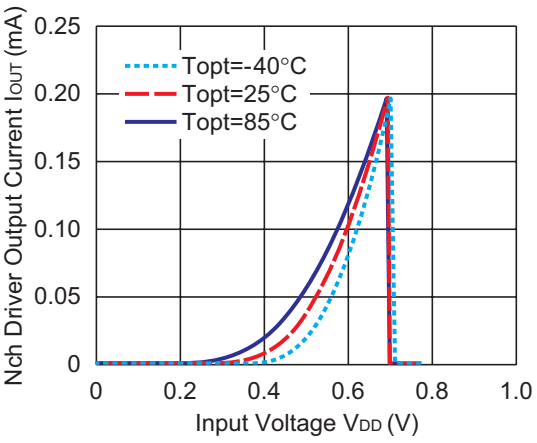


R3114x451A

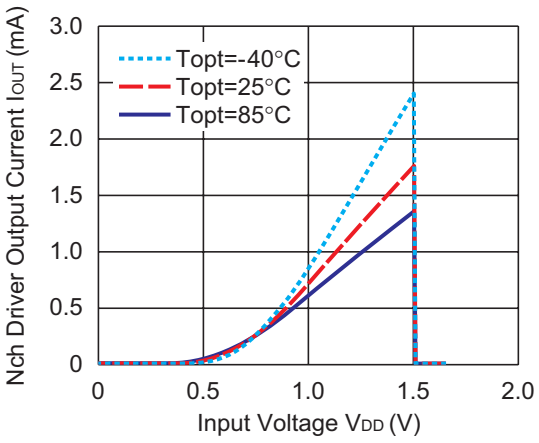


4) Nch Driver Output Current vs. Input Voltage (VDS=0.5V)

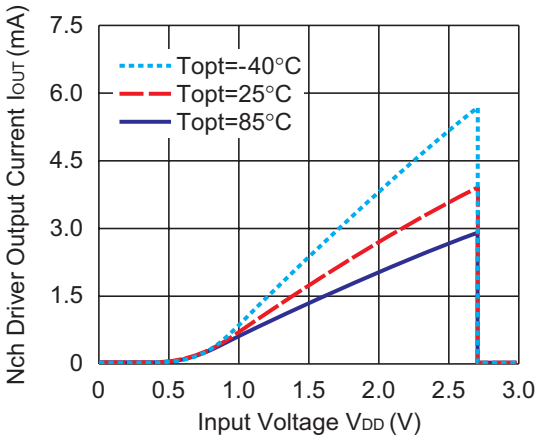
R3114x071A/C



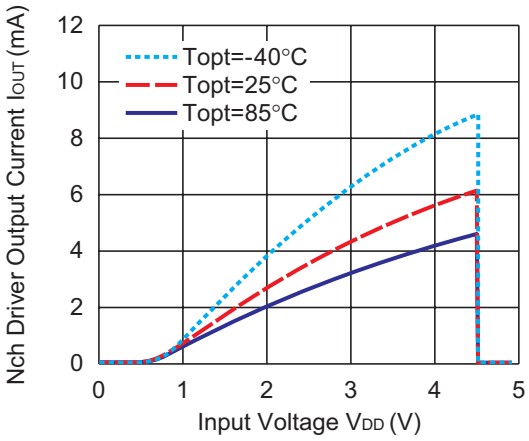
R3114x151A/C



R3114x271A/C

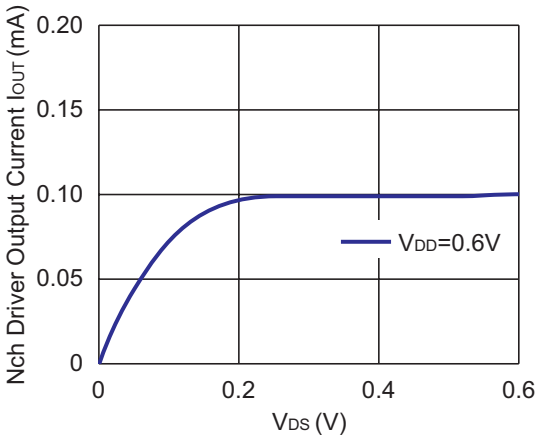


R3114x451A/C

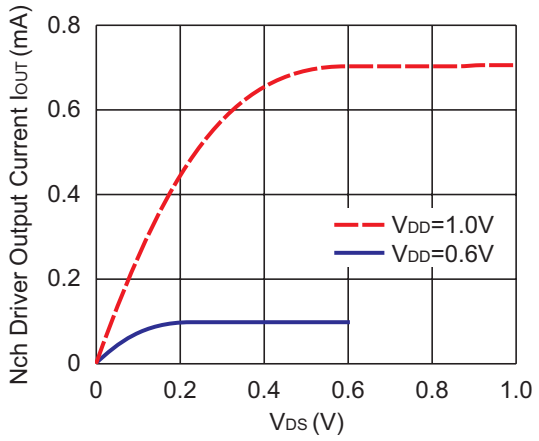


5) Nch Driver Output Current vs. VDS

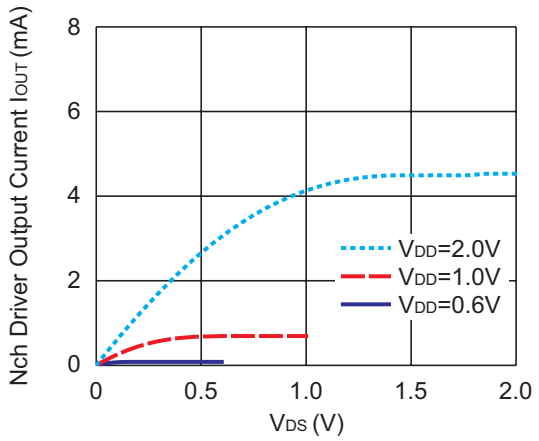
R3114x071A/C



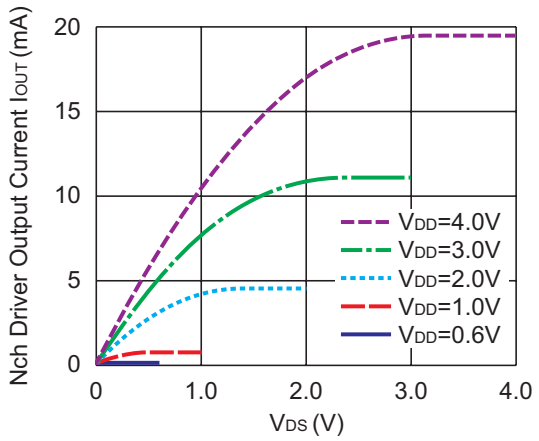
R3114x151A/C



R3114x271A/C

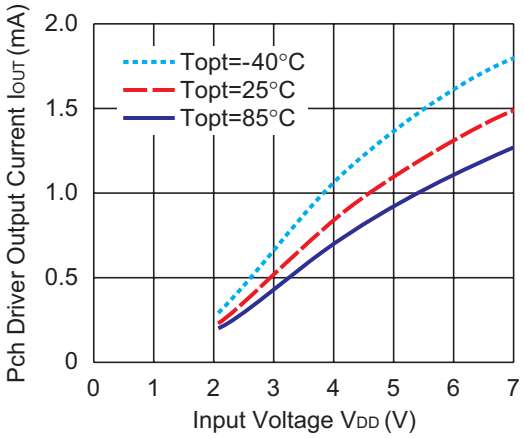


R3114x451A/C

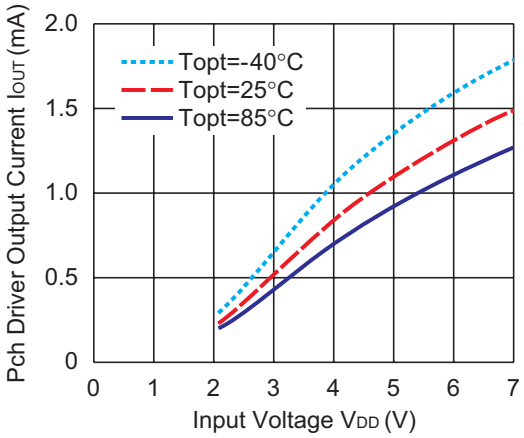


6) Pch Driver Output Current vs. Input Voltage (VDS=–2.1V)

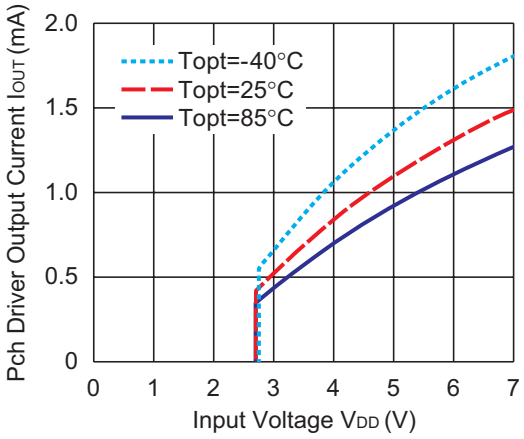
R3114x071C



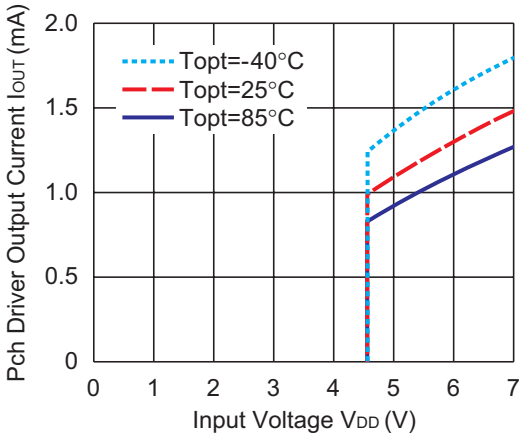
R3114x151C



R3114x271C

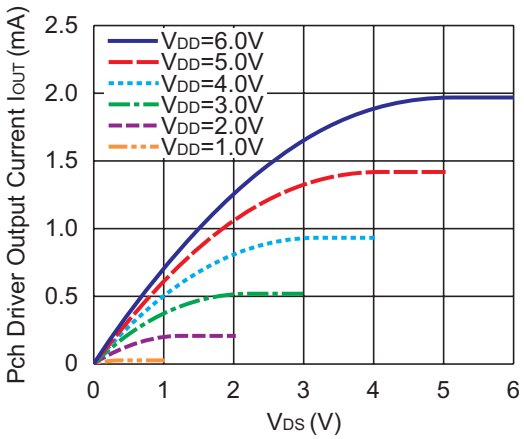


R3114x451C

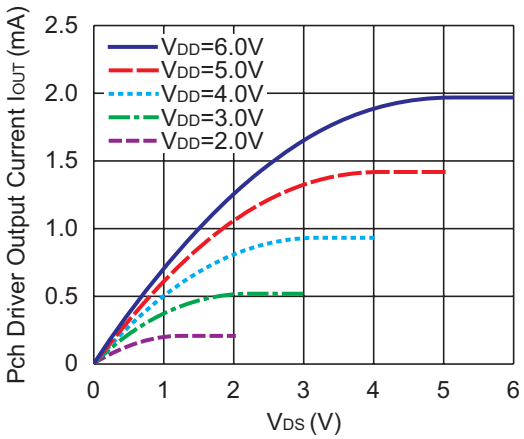


7) Pch Driver Output Current vs. VDS

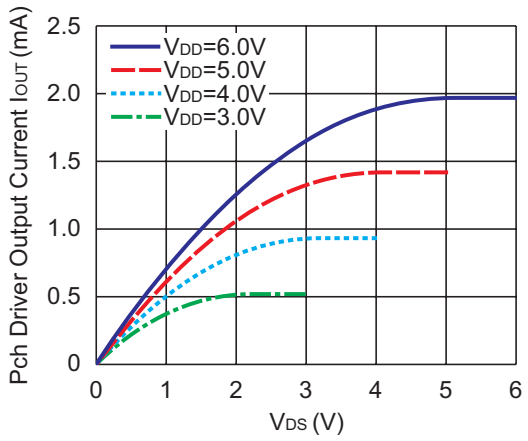
R3114x071C



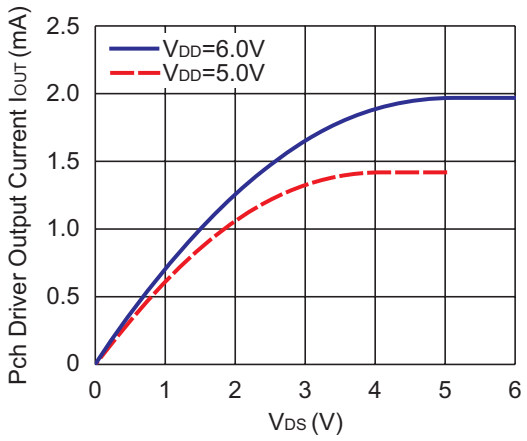
R3114x151C



R3114x271C

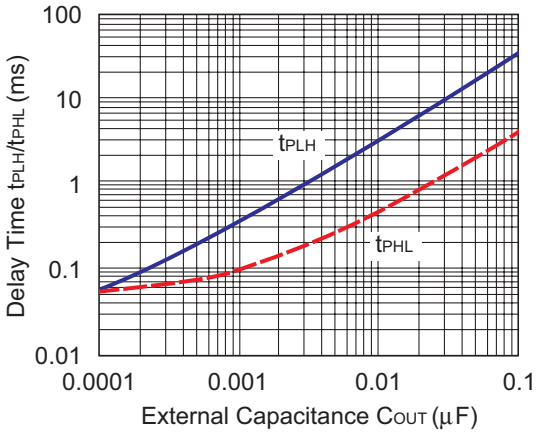


R3114x451C

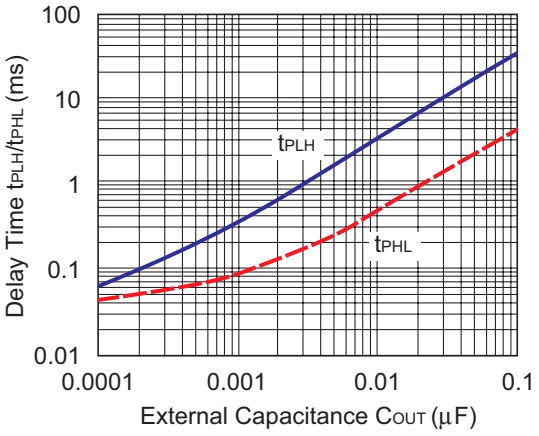


8) Output Delay Time vs. External Capacitance

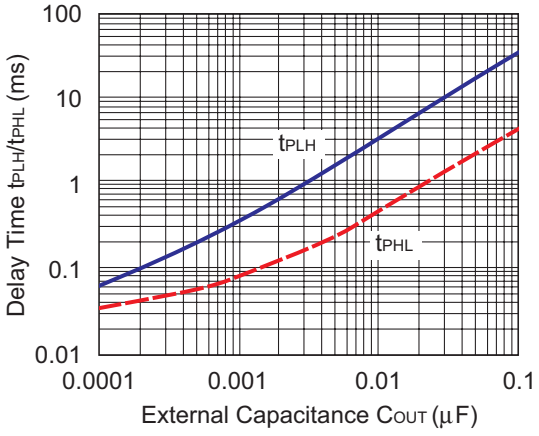
R3114x071A



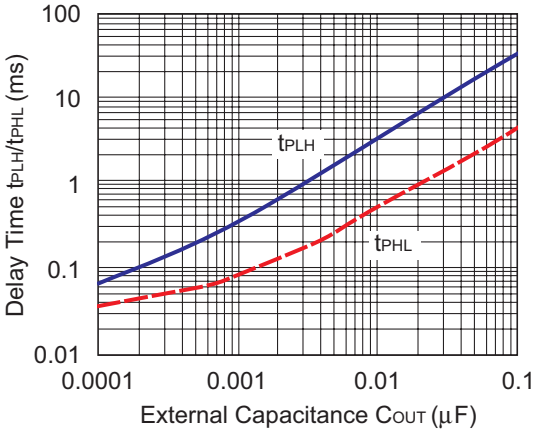
R3114x151A



R3114x271A



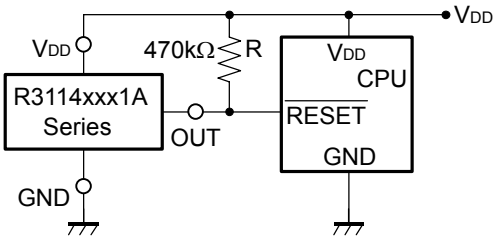
R3114x451A



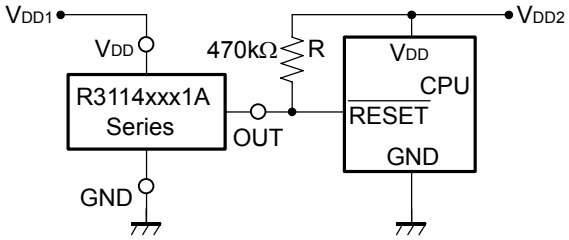
TYPICAL APPLICATION

- **R3114xxx1A CPU Reset Circuit 1 (Nch Open Drain Output)**

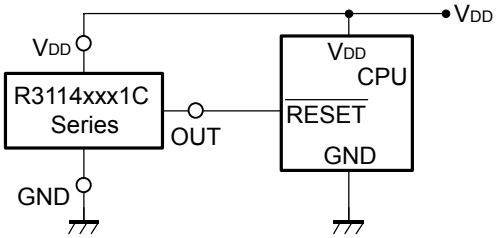
Case1. Input Voltage to R3114xxx1A is equal to Input Voltage to CPU



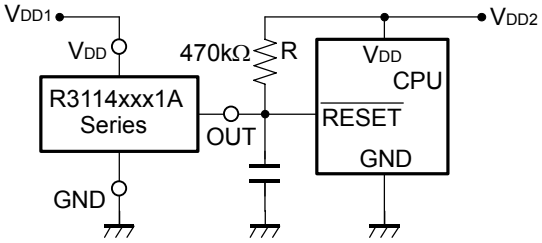
Case2. Input Voltage to R3114xxx1A is unequal to Input Voltage to CPU



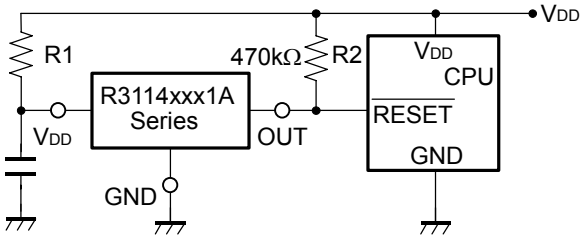
- **R3114xxx1C CPU Reset Circuit (CMOS Output)**



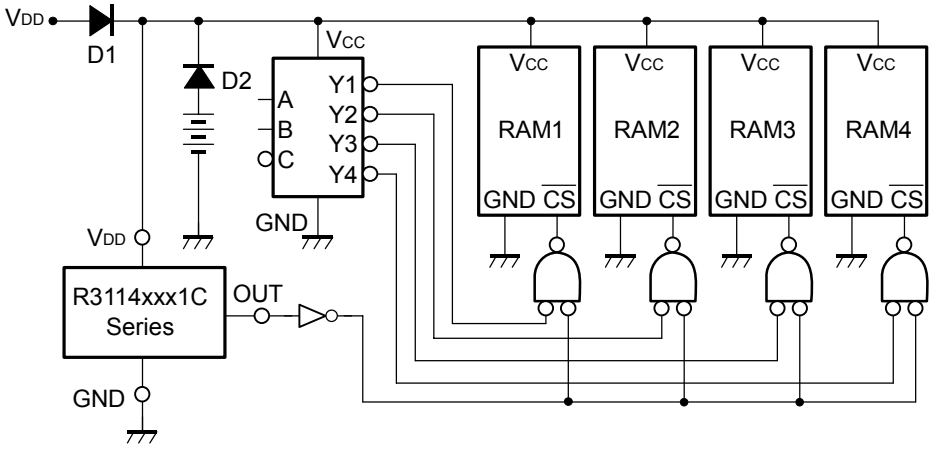
- **R3114xxx1A Output Delay Time Circuit 1 (Nch Open Drain Output)**



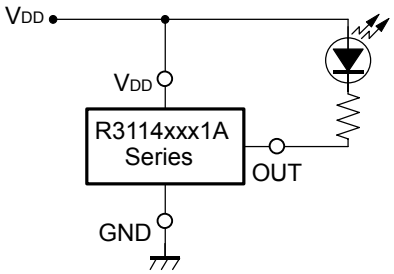
- **R3114xxx1A Output Delay Time Circuit 2 (Nch Open Drain Output)**



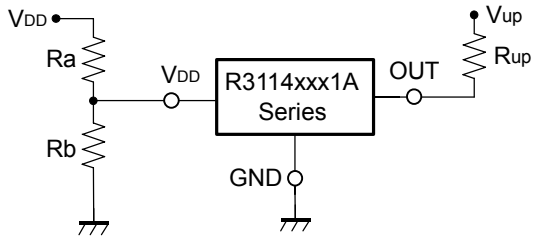
- **Memory Back-up Circuit**



- **Voltage level Indicator Circuit (lighted when the power runs out)**
  (Nch Open Drain Output)



- **Detector Threshold Adjustable Circuit 1**
  (Nch Open Drain Output)

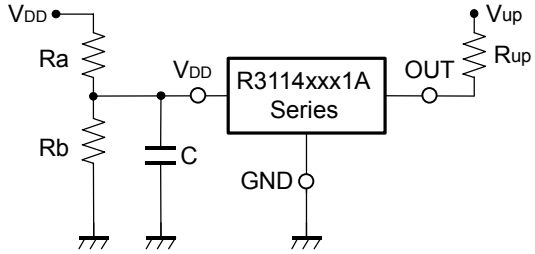


Adjustable Detector Threshold=$(-V_{DET})\times(Ra+Rb)/Rb$

Hysteresis Voltage=$(V_{HYS})\times(Ra+Rb)/Rb$

∗1) To prevent oscillation, set Ra ≤ 1kΩ, Rb ≤ 100Ω.
∗2) If the value of Ra is set excessively large, voltage drop may occur caused by the supply current of IC itself, and detector threshold and hysteresis voltage may vary.
∗3) If Vup and V_{DD} are connected, the voltage dropdown caused by Rup, may cause difference in the hysteresis voltage.

- **Detector Threshold Adjustable Circuit 2**
  (Nch Open Drain Output)

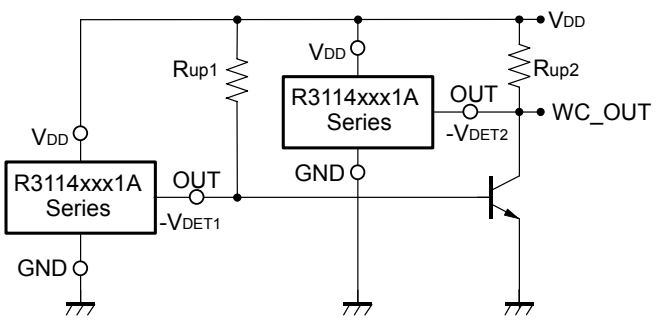


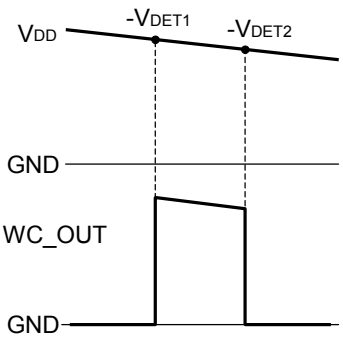
Adjustable Detector Threshold=$(-V_{DET})\times(Ra+Rb)/Rb$

Hysteresis Voltage=$(V_{HYS})\times(Ra+Rb)/Rb$

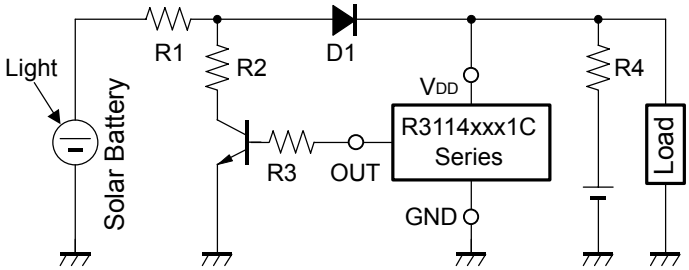
∗1) To prevent oscillation, set Ra ≤ 100kΩ, C ≥ ≤ 0.01μF.
∗2) If the value of Ra is set excessively large, voltage drop may occur caused by the supply current of IC itself, and detector threshold and hysteresis voltage may vary.
∗3) If Vup and V_{DD} are connected, the voltage dropdown caused by Rup, may cause difference in the hysteresis voltage.
∗4) If the value of Ra, Rb and C are set excessively large, the delay of the start-up may become too long.

- **Window Comparator Circuit (Nch Open Drain Output)**





- **Over-charge Preventing Circuit**



TECHNICAL NOTES

When R3114xxx1A/C is used in Figure X, if the value of R1 is set excessively large, the dropdown voltage caused by the consumption current of IC itself, may vary the detector threshold and the release voltage. Also, if the value of R1 is set excessively large, there may be delay in start-up and may cause oscillation generated by cross conduction current.

When R3114xxx1A/C is used in Figure Y, if the value of R1 is set excessively large, the dropdown voltage caused by the consumption current of IC itself, may vary the detecor threshold and the released voltage. Also, if the value of R1 and R2 is set excessively large, there may be delay in start-up and may cause oscillation generated by cross conduction current.

When R3114xxx1A/C is used in Figure Z, if the value of R1 is set excessively large, the dropdown voltage caused by the consumption current of IC itself may vary the detector threshold and the release voltage. Also, if the value of R1 is set excessively large, there may be delay in start-up and may cause oscillation generated by cross conduction current. Furthermore, if the value of R1 is set large and the value of R2 is set small, released voltage level may shift and the minimum operating voltage may differ. If the value of R2 is set excessively small from R1, release may not occur and may cause oscillation.

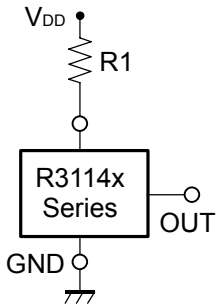


Figure X

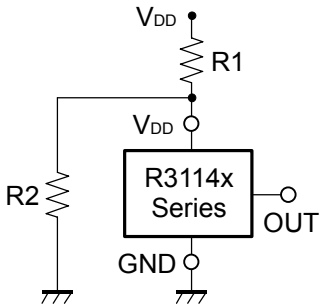


Figure Y

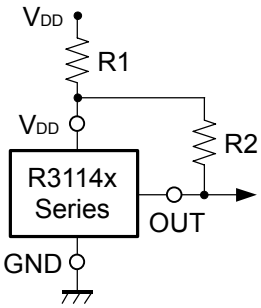


Figure Z

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